COVID-19 Company Risk Assessments and Method Statements Issue List

<u>Document</u> <u>Reference</u>	Nature of Risk	<u>Issued to:</u>
20/03	Risk to Health & Safety from COVID-19 at Rumbow Works (Issue 2)	Rumbow Works Company website COVID-19 log
20/04	Risk to Health & Safety from COVID-19 at Newtown Street (Issue 2)	Newtown Street Company website COVID-19 log
20/05	Risk to Health & Safety from COVID-19 at Lodgefield Road (Issue 2)	Lodgefield Road Company website COVID-19 log
20/06	Risk to Health & Safety from COVID-19 at Harris (Steels) Ltd (Issue 2)	Harris (Steels) Ltd Company website COVID-19 log
20/07	Risk to Health & Safety form COVID-19 at Unit 1 City Industrial Estate (Issue 2)	Unit 1 Company website COVID-19 log
20/08	Risk to Health & Safety from COVID-19 at Profab Limited (Issue 2)	Profab Limited Company website COVID-19 log
20/09	Risk to Health & Safety from COVID-19 in galvanizing plant (Issue 1)	Newtown Street Company website COVID-19 log
20/10	Risk to Health & Safety from COVID-19 to member of maintenance team (Issue 1)	Maintenance Team Company website COVID-9 log
20/11	Risk to Health & Safety from COVID-19 to company vehicle (HGV & transit) drivers (Issue 1)	All drivers All managers with responsibility for transport. Company website COVID-19 log

All above issues noted were updated and approved 27.05.20

Title page issued to all sites and company webpage.

BB Price Limited		Risk Assessment and Method Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/03
Section A Preliminary			
1. Nature of risk	Infected person(s) either employees or visitors to site – enters site causing: (1) Exposure of workforce and staff to Covid-19 virus in workplace. (2) Risk to health and life to workforce staff and other persons coming onto site. (3) Other health and safety risks to workforce, staff, and other persons on site by other failings resulting from change in workplace due to pandemic. (Breakdown of health and safety enforcement) (4) Risk to business continuity.		
2. Location	Rumbow Works Halesowen B63 3HX		
3. Description of normal activities	Control of persons entering site. Office with administrative activities. Goods in / out, assembly, packaging, storage, and despatch of steel. Consumables and waste throughout site. Contractors / service providers for logistics of deliveries and collections, maintenance of plant, equipment, and premises. Reporting of injuries, diseases, and dangerous occurrences (RIDDOR) near misses, accident, and incidents. Note: Where a worker has been diagnosed as having Covid-19 and there is reasonable evidence that this was caused by exposure at work, this must be reported as a case of disease and when a worker dies as a result of exposure to the virus.		
4. Specific hazards caused by risk	Vir maa All Illin Dee Str. Hig Old Imir Per Leg Areas th Reception General Manage Toilets / Small kir		rs, and delivery drivers.

Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1 updated 22.05.20 Revision 2 Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

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Specific hazards of risk described

Other effects:

Illness / death amongst top management

Illness / death amongst visitors i.e.

Cleaners

Delivery drivers

Employees

Contractors & service providers

Damage to business continuity

Damage to reputation / business confidence

Litigation for failure to control virus exposure resulting in RIDDOR event

Level of risk:

Medium / High Risk To persons in at risk categories listed on page one to effects of illness

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry drivers and maintenance engineers)

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional deliveries or performing occasional tasks (i.e. meter reading or inspections)

Specific hazards of risk described

General Risk Office: Low

(B) Works entrance and yard

- Virus infection / contamination brought onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, delivery drivers and contractors / service providers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers etc. (persons described above)
- Death of persons described above
- Stress to employees
- Persons at higher risk / older persons, immune compromised persons, and persons with pre-existing medical conditions.
- Risk to business continuity loss of business confidence, loss of orders.
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Areas that can be affected

The yard is big enough to allow social distancing, however office and assembly bay entrances may be a hazard as people may try to pass through entrance door without knowing who is on the other side.

Specific hazards of risk described

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" listed on page to effects of illness.

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry rivers and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk: Low

(C) Canteen, washrooms and locker areas

- Virus infection / contamination brough onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers and drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers
- Death of persons at higher risk
- Stress of workforce
- Risk of business continuity, loss of business confidence, loss of orders.
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons on site.

Areas that can be affected:

All the areas described above are at risk because break times and daily routines $\,$ / working hours bring people together at the same time.

Other effects:

Sickness / temporary loss of cleaning staff with heightened risk to all persons. Quicker spread of virus / contamination.

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" as previously described.

<u>Medium Risk:</u> To persons at risk in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors i.e. cleaners, drivers, and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low to Medium

Specific hazards of risk described

(D) Workshop, Storage Area and Toolroom

- Virus infection / contamination brought in onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers, drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers.
- Death of persons above
- Stress amongst workforce
- Higher risk to certain groups of people as previously described.
- Legal actions and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Low Risk:

Areas that can be affected

Social distancing can be practised because all areas can allow at least a 2-metre area because of safe siting of machines.

The storage area is generally only used to walk to or from the tool room or to withdraw stocks or tools so social distancing is not anticipated as being an issue.

The tool room allows for significant distances to be maintained as machinery and benches are so places to facilitate this.

The wearing of PPE (boots, overalls, gloves and safety glasses is mandatory in this area, but this offers no protection against COVID-19, social distancing and good hygiene including the cleaning of machine surfaces before a new operative uses the equipment is undertaken. A safe system of work for workstations has been issued to the workforce.

Low Risk:

Machines are cleaned down daily although not specifically on control surfaces.

Specific hazards from risk described

Other effects:

Risk of transmission if employees finish work together at break times and use the same walkways an outbreak of Covid-19 that becomes transmitted through the workplace would potentially close departments (i.e. forging and machinery) or the factory. Social distancing currently working well but managers shall observe in case of complacency Staggered start/finish ties are available if agreed and desirable.

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories"

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily including regular visitors / engineers / drivers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. to read meters or perform inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low

5. Control of access to site

All employees and managers use a fob to register their entry and exit from site. There is no unauthorised access for employees to the offices whilst authorised operatives may access the photocopier, fax machine, toilets, and kitchen as required. Risk Low.

Visitors (for instance directors showing customers our site or sales representatives) use reception where their presence may be logged. Risk Low.

Directors normally move between sites as required. Risk Medium.

An activity to be limited or stopped for all essential journeys and access limited to outdoors wherever possible.

Contractors report to the works office and are signed in and out after induction and / or briefing on what is required of them and specific hazards that may be encountered on the day. Risk low with controls in place.

Delivery drivers may use the works door if the roller shutter door is down to ask to be unloaded. Risk Low if driver is isolated to cab / immediate vicinity. Risk: Medium if driver must enter premises.

Persons requiring taking meter readings are received at reception and escorted to the location of the meter or if familiar with the location to be accessed briefed and instructed on any relevant safety issue(s) relevant at that time. Low Risk:

6. What areas of contact exist?

If uncontrolled access to site were to occur someone who may be feeling ill may gain entry thus running the risk of harmful contamination or infection on this site.

Level of Risk: Low

Areas of specific concern are:

- Staircases / narrow hallway or reception in office. (Low risk)
- Front door to office and assembly bay where entry is "blind" through a solid door.
 (Low risk)
- Works office where employees may walk in to speak to the managers or request assistance or tools (Low risk)
- Communal areas: Washrooms, canteen, locker room where people congregate at break times and start and end of day (Medium risk)
- Kitchens in office where no drinks are made throughout day or the microwave is used to heat food. (Medium risk)
- Gangways / walkways buildings and yards (Low risk)
- Yard where employees join at break times (Low risk)

Level of Risk: Low to Medium Risk as itemised above

7. What are people doing in specific areas?

Office

Use of equipment: Photocopier / printer / fax telephones PC's

Working at workstations Use of toilets / wash facilities

Use of kitchen: Making drinks, heating food, washing up

Cleaning office (contract cleaners) Low Risk

Works office

Working at one workstation

Recording information, time keeping system errors

Work progress

Control of documented information **Low Risk**

Canteen, washrooms, locker room, tool store

Use of toilets and washing facilities

Reading meters (water / gas)

Break time routines beverages / warming food

Purchase / consumption of snacks having a break

Putting on / removing overalls, use of lockers

Accessing tools, lubricants / substances, PPE, consumables Medium Risk

Workshop, storage area tool room

Hot forging of steel goods

Turning/screwing/machining /bending/forming of steel goods

Storage of tools, stocks, chemicals/oils

Tool making

Welding / fabrication / repairs

Use of forklift truck

Storage / removal of wastes

Low Risk:

Yard

Storage of finished and part finished goods

Loading / unloading receipt of part finished goods, despatch of finished goods, wastes and scrap metal. Receipt of consumables, and other supplies <u>Low Risk</u>

8. Who can be harmed?

High Risk Categories of people who are given as:

- Older persons
- Persons who are immunocompromised
- Persons with existing medical conditions

Added to this other persons may wish to remove themselves from work because they live with a person falling into the above categories and their continued presence at work would pose a risk to a partner / relative if they themselves became infected.

At medium risk there can be counted employees, members of staff, visitors, service providers, delivery / collection drivers, maintenance, and service engineers.

At low risk occasional admittance for very short periods of time i.e. persons reading meters or performing brief inspections.

BB Price Limited Risk Assessment and Method Statement Doc. Ref: 20/03

Section A Preliminary

9. How can people be harmed?

A person who is infected coming on to site who spreads the virus to others by:

- Transmitting coronavirus person to person through small droplets from nose or mouth when an infected person coughs or exhales.
- Droplets landing on objects, surfaces being touched by other people, then touching their eyes, nose, or mouth.
- Breathing droplets from a person with coronavirus who coughs out or exhales droplets.

Risk Level: Medium

Stress may have harmful effects on all persons because of the pandemic. This may result from:

- Fear anxiety for oneself or a loved one
- Fear of infection and risk to health
- Infection of a relative / friend / partner
- Death of a relative / partner / friend
- Loss of earnings
- Underlying conditions or past illness

Its affects may promote in persons:

III Health

Absence from work

Inability to concentrate or live a normal life

Risk from stress

Risk level: Low

Lack of stress management training in workplace amongst directors and top management but company has used HR consultant independent stress counselling for its employees.

Risk of harm to management and all employees because of:

Anxiety over pandemic, workplace or loved ones

Stress from loss or earnings

Stress from illness

Stress from bereavement

Also, loss of staff during pandemic resulting in more pressure on remaining employees

Risk Level: Low

Risk to business continuity

The pandemic may place critical stress on all aspects of the business including:

- Loss of staff to illness resulting in departments working at reduced capacity or forced to close.
- Loss of critical knowledge due to key staff being absent through illness, self-isolation, or the need to protect a family member at home.
- Loss within supply chain resulting in difficulties fulfilling orders.
- Loss of orders if customers are affected by virus / situation
- Financial difficulties because of loss of orders or inability to fulfil orders
- Problems to infrastructure of company if many people supporting it are ill
- Loss of business confidence if unable to fulfil customer requirements.

Risk Level: Medium

Risk to maintaining data protection requirements or breach

Risk of security breach if illness results in data not being handled competently and with due diligence. Failure of data controllers to oversee and protect data and sensitive personal data as required.

Risk of claim, litigation, or prosecution

Risks of claim / legal action / prosecution if:

- Health and safety in workplace are compromised by key staff being absent due to pandemic.
- Agency / temporary workers unfamiliar with site and its risks have accident / injury.
- Management of workplace is insufficient to prevent extensive illness in workplace or illness resulting on death.

Level of Risk: Low

Note: Supporting information refer to 5×5 risk assessments (probability / severity) in health and safety managers files

Risk Assessment created and revised by: CD Price

This issue created: 22/5/2020

Education and awareness of top management

The company shall seek and refer to guidance issued by relevant authorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensure current and correct information is received, understood and appropriate actions planned and implemented. These authorities / sources of information shall include:

H.M. Government Guidance (COVID-19) - GOV.UK Coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS ACAS.Org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation

Information shall be obtained so that top management can specifically understand: The nature of the virus

Prevention / control methods for the virus

Prevention / control methods for the virus

How the virus spreads

Unfolding information updates including:

The spread of the virus

Government / NHS / Public Health England revision of instructions or information updates. Government requirements and compliance obligations

Top management shall implement Government / NHS / Public Health England guidance and compliance obligations into its strategic planning and the actions it formulates and implements.

Consultation with department managers

The directors shall liaise and communicate with the company's department heads and workplace representatives to:

- (1) Ensure consultation is achieved with sufficient input to ensure decisions reached are as effective as possible.
- (2) Ensure control measures are understood and implemented as effectively as possible to achieve the company's intended outcomes.

Decision making by top management

Top management shall decide and implement on necessary controls with reference to best advice and guidance from relevant authorities with input from department managers and works representatives to create initiatives and control measures in the workplace. They shall also refer to business continuity and pandemic plan strategies to:

- (1) Gain a head start in the understanding of the nature of controls required to benefit the company, its employees, and stakeholders and
- (2) Protect the company's wider interests as far as finance, customer satisfaction / confidence and stakeholder relationships are concerned.

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Communicating the company's requirements and compliance obligations to all its stakeholders

The company shall decide with whom, how and what it communicates with its stakeholders in respect of the issues it has identified as relevant.

The company shall communicate with:

Company employees

Company staff and management

Company's customers

Company's supplier base

Service providers (contractors, service engineers, inspection / testing authorities)

Delivery / collection drivers

Utility service meter readers

The methods for communication may include:

Personal letter

Poster campaign / notices / signs & information issued to site

E-mail / telephone call

Conversation / provision of information on arrival for unexpected visitors on site.

What the company shall communicate may include:

Public Health England guidance to promote pandemic awareness

Other guidance promoting awareness (Gov.UK, NHS, or WHO)

New company requirements based on government or other guidance

Best practice for cleaners

Company's pandemic / business continuity planning

Government schemes announced (i.e. furloughing of employees)

Company communications on COVID-19 including:

Unpredictability of situation

Lockdown

Need to continue to supply transmission industry

Covering letter in case workers are stopped on their way to work

What to do if you feel unwell

Circumstances under which you should self isolate

What you need to do if you are self isolating

Social distancing in the workplace

Specific relating to annual pay, holidays, the job retention scheme, SSP. Overtime Good hygiene

Reporting shortcomings or failures in company's control measures or its protection of people in the workplace

Who is at higher risk and what the company will do if you are

Page left open in case method statement is updated

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Specific risk presence of infected person(s) in workplace

- 1. Communicate nature of virus and symptoms to workforce with poster campaign
- 2. Department managers to communicate the need to <u>NOT</u> come into work if you feel unwell, believe yourself to have any of the symptoms of coronavirus, have a person in your household or believe yourself to have been in contact with anybody who is ill with coronavirus or has its symptoms. Persons who become ill on site should report this to their department head and go home.
- 3. Company management to communicate with key service providers and supplier likely to come on site to ensure that:
- All non-essential or non-emergency work by contractors is put on hold (purchasing director and department managers)
- Delivery / collection drivers maintain social distancing. (department managers & purchasing director) and are not allowed inside company premises.
- Non-urgent deliveries to be suspended as far as is possible (purchasing director)
- 4. Visits unsolicited shall not be allowed unless they serve a critical aspect or function of the business as decided by top management (departmental managers / top management) 5. Any person representing an external party that is permitted to be on site will be permitted to do so only if:
- They believe themselves free of the virus, or,
- Have recovered from it after a period of 7 days
- Abide by any special requirements which are decided by the company that reduce the risk of spreading the virus on site including those relating to hygiene, hand washing, and social distancing
- Have not been in contact within 14 days of someone they know to have or believe to have symptoms of coronavirus
 - (Departmental managers / anybody controlling site access)
- 6. Anybody believed / identified as being an unauthorised presence on site shall be immediate removed.

Risk of harm to persons falling into the at greater risk categories

The company shall immediately send home and furlough any employee who falls into any of the high risk categories these include:

Level 1: People at very high risk

Persons who:

- Have had an organ transplant
- Are having chemotherapy, anti body treatment or immunotherapy
- Are having intense radiotherapy
- Are having targeted cancer treatments
- Have blood / bone marrow cancer
- Are having a blood / bone marrow / stem cell transplant or have had such treatment within 6 months.
- Have a severe lung condition including severe asthma
- Have a condition that puts you at high risk (i.e. sickle cell)
- Are taking medicines that make you more susceptible to infections (i.e. high dose of steroids)

Such persons will have received a letter from the NHS confirming this status or should telephone their doctor if they have not received a letter.

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Level 2: People at high risk

Persons who:

- Are aged 70 or over
- Are pregnant
- Have a learning disability
- Have a lung condition that is not severe (asthma, bronchitis etc.)
- Have heart disease
- Have high blood pressure
- Have diabetes
- Have chronic kidney disease
- Have liver disease
- Have a brain or nerve condition
- Have a spleen removed or a spleen condition
- Have a condition that makes you susceptible to infection
- Are taking medicine (including steroids) that effect your immune system
- Are obese (a BMI of 40 or above)

Note: Any person who is not at high risk but living with a person who is may wish to self-isolate to protect such persons. Likewise other persons may develop anxiety over the situation and may wish to stay at home as a result. In all these instances the company shall agree to such persons to self-isolate immediately and place these persons who have requested to absent themselves from the workplace on Statutory Sick Pay (SSP)

Risk of contaminated surfaces or coming into contact with them

- 1. The company shall initiate and maintain extra cleaning regimes for the duration of the pandemic on all of its premises. It shall achieve this by:
- Appointing employees to form a cleaning team
- Train such persons in what to clean and the best practice for doing this
- How best to maintain their own personal protection and safety while doing these
 duties.
- Properties and uses of cleaning materials provided including what, where, how and how often to clean areas and surfaces.
- Issue, use and safe disposal of PPE
- What to do if becoming aware of any threat or a breach in the company's cleaning regime that needs to be corrected or controlled.
- 2. Appropriate and effective issue of hand sanitiser and soap in strategic locations in the work place
- 3. issue of notices to washrooms and canteens about the importance of maintaining a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace.
- 4. Enforcing a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace by department managers.
- 5. Communicating the need for all persons to report any failures or breakdown in site cleaning regimes or hygiene arrangements within the company to an appropriate manager.
- 6. The company shall provide suitable cleaning materials: including anti-bacterial spray and wipes and bleach to newly appointed cleaning teams and also continue to supply them to the regular cleaners.
- 7. Absences in the cleansing teams must be reported to department managers so that manpower gaps are filled as a matter of utmost urgency so cleaning regimes and their effectiveness are not compromised.

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Further reducing the risk of the spread of infection in the workplace

4. Social distancing shall be affected in the workplace by:

- Communicating the 2 metre government requirement for social distancing in the workplace by the issue of notices in prominent / key locations and enforcing this knowledge by verbal communication to the workforce by department managers
- Department managers enforcing social distancing requirements whenever the notice failure of employees or other persons in the workplace to comply.
- Arranging for break times to be staggered to allow for social distancing in the
 washrooms, canteen and walkways in the premises, Clocking in or out of the factory
 shall be accomplished by maintaining social distancing and remaining vigilant.

2. Provision and use of PPE

Government guidance on the issue of PPE in the workplace does not at the time that this revision (No. 1) of the method statements created include specific / regulated requirements for PPE.

Given the analysis of the individual areas of the workplace in the preceding risk assessment and the lack of further stated requirement by government <u>it is believed that the</u> <u>workplace provides adequate space to maintain social distancing.</u>

Without the issue of PPE yet. Social distancing arrangements in (1) above including the staggering of break times is so far judged to be effective in reducing space or bring people together at the same time.

3. Beverages and other shared activities

Activities such as making beverages for other employees and fetching or sharing newspapers or magazines at break times is prohibited and enforces by department managers.

Reducing the workforce on site to protect and safe guard it.

Where possible the company shall ask employees to work from home where existing links for this facility have already been created or it is desirable to establish new connections. The criteria for this is that the role can be performed at home with effectiveness at all levels.

Key workers may be required to be furloughed to protect the financial stability of the company or to ensure that if a key worker on site is taken ill or is absent from work a "protected" replacement can be asked to come into work for business continuity. Home working will be covered by a separate risk assessment.

Promoting good hygiene at all levels of the business at home as at work

Enforce knowledge and practice of the following actions:

- (1) Clean hands frequently with soap and water for 20 seconds or by using hand sanitiser.
- (2) Cover your coughs and sneezes by covering your nose and mouth with a tissue. If you do not have one to hand sneeze into the crook of your elbow, not into your hand.
- (3) Use disposable tissues and throw these into a disposable rubbish bag then immediately wash your hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser.
- (4) Wash your hands when you get to work or arrive at home. Be mindful of touching any surface where the virus may be lying and may survive for some time. If in doubt wash or sanitise your hands.

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Data protection and GDPR

Company listings of employees and company data held shall be extended to monitor during the pandemic:

Absence / sickness amongst workforce

Reports from employees absent / sick / self isolating

Employee returns to work Departmental losses Departmental reports Furlough arrangements SSP arrangements

Covid-19 RIDDOR reporting (if necessary

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BB Price Limited		Risk Assessment and Method Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/03
Section B - Method Statement for Coronavirus Control			
	sensitive The data		d data retention periods.
Risk of claim, litigation or prosecution	- Due to comproid - Agency with site - The coinfection death or - Claim fipersona The comworkpla - The - Dep - Wo - Dep - Coinfection - The risk - Coinfection - Cle - Proid - Enf	data control manager (and deputy if absent) shall oversee and review data protection ery level. eat to the business by way of claim, litigation or prosecution may be anticipated if: e to absence / sickness / reduced staffing levels health and safety in the workplace is promised ency / temporary workers are employed who are not fully trained or are unfamiliar site and associated risks resulting in health and safety near miss, incident or acciden company fails to manage the workplace in such a way as to reduce the risk of tion within the workforce whilst at work claim from employee or HSE for illness or hoccurring. In for mismanagement (breach) of data protection handling personal / sensitive onal data. Company shall work to mitigate the above risks by maintaining health and safety in the place with the support of: The health and safety manager Floud Deputy to HSM C. Price Works manager Departmental managers Company's health and safety representatives The induction and training of agency or temporary workers and their allocation to lorisk activities wherever possible Communicating risks and actions to mitigate them to the workforce Cleaning regimes Promoting good levels of hygiene Enforcing social distancing The provision of PPE as required and if government advice on its issue changes.	
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BB Price Limited		Risk Assessment and Method Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/04
		Section A Preliminary	
1. Nature of risk	Infected person(s) either employees or visitors to site – enters site causing: (1) Exposure of workforce and staff to Covid-19 virus in workplace. (2) Risk to health and life to workforce staff and other persons coming onto site. (3) Other health and safety risks to workforce, staff, and other persons on site by other failings resulting from change in workplace due to pandemic. (Breakdown of health and safety enforcement) (4) Risk to business continuity.		
2. Location	Newtow Cradley B64 5LB	n Street Heath	
3. Description of normal activities	Control of persons entering site. Office with administrative activities. Forging, forming, and machining non-ferrous metals. Goods in and goods out. Movement of raw materials finished goods. Consumables and waste throughout factory. Contractors / service providers for logistics of deliveries and collections, maintenance of plant, equipment, and premises. Reporting of injuries, diseases, and dangerous occurrences (RIDDOR) near misses, accident, and incidents. Note: Where a worker has been diagnosed as having Covid-19 and there is reasonable evidence that this was caused by exposure at work, this must be reported as a case of disease and when a worker dies as a result of exposure to the virus.		
4. Specific hazards caused by risk	Virman All Illn Dea Stre Hig Old Imman Per Leg Areas th Receptic General	offices / director's office / boardroom	rs, and delivery drivers.
	Kitchens Reception	and washrooms on, waiting room and stairs and hallway uring most situations social distancing in these areas is eas	ily maintained.

Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1. Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2. Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

Specific hazards of risk described

Other effects:

Illness / death amongst top management Illness / death amongst visitors i.e.

Cleaners

Delivery drivers

Employees

Contractors & service providers

Damage to business continuity

Damage to reputation / business confidence

Litigation for failure to control virus exposure resulting in RIDDOR event

Level of risk:

Medium / High Risk To persons in at risk categories listed on page one to effects of illness

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry drivers and maintenance engineers)

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional deliveries or performing occasional tasks (i.e. meter reading or inspections)

Specific hazards of risk described

General Risk Office: Low

(B) Works entrance and yard

- Virus infection / contamination brought onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, delivery drivers and contractors / service providers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers etc. (persons described above)
- Death of persons described above
- Stress to work force
- Persons at higher risk / older persons, immune compromised persons, and persons with pre-existing medical conditions.
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Areas that can be affected

The yard is big enough to allow social distancing, however the factory entrance may be a hazard as people may try to pass through entrance door without knowing who is on the other side.

Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1. Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2 Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

Specific hazards of risk described

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" listed on page to effects of illness.

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry rivers and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk: Low

(C) Canteen, washrooms and locker room in press shop

- Virus infection / contamination brough onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers and drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers
- Death of persons at higher risk
- Stress to employees
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons on site.

Currently low risk with reduced staffing levels and social distancing measures

Areas that can be affected:

All the areas described above are at risk because break times and daily routines / working hours bring people together at the same time. Social distancing measures and awareness campaign actioned and monitored by management.

Other effects:

Sickness / temporary loss of cleaning staff with heightened risk to all persons. Quicker spread of virus / contamination.

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons at risk in the "at risk categories" as previously described.

<u>Medium Risk:</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors i.e. cleaners, drivers, and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low to Medium

Specific hazards of risk described

(D) Galvanizing plant, new warehouse, press shop fabrication shop, long shop, new units, and tool room

- Virus infection / contamination brought in onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers, drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers.
- Death of persons above
- Stress amongst workforce
- Higher risk to certain groups of people as previously described.
- Legal actions and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.
 Risk: Low

Areas that can be affected

Social distancing can be practised because all workstations other than the galvanizing plant allow at least a 2-metre area because of safe siting of machines. Risk: Low

The galvanizing process includes activities such as hooking and removing material from the zinc bath where social distancing is reduced by handling items of 2.5 to 2.1 metre lengths. In which case social distancing may be reduced to 1.5 metres. A safe system of work has been issued to the workforce in galvanizing plant to reduce the risk as far as possible.

Risk: Medium

The wearing of PPE (boots, overalls, safety glasses and ear protection is mandatory in this area, operatives have been issued a safe system of work for workstations Social distancing and personal hygiene and machine surfaces are cleaned when different operatives use equipment. Risk: Low

Machines are cleaned down daily although not specifically on control surfaces.

Other effects:

Specific hazards from risk described

Risk of transmission if employees finish work together at break times and use the same walkways an outbreak of Covid-19 that becomes transmitted through the workplace would potentially close departments (i.e. forging and machinery) or the factory. Staggered start / finish times and break times are employed with workers approval to maintain social distancing. Common areas such as the area to clock in / out has been marked with 2 metre spacings.

Level of Risk: Low with controls

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories 2 and 1"

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily including regular visitors / engineers / drivers.

Low Risk: To persons making occasional visits i.e. to read meters or perform inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low

5. Control of access to site

All employees and managers use a fob to register their entry and exit from site. There is no unauthorised access for employees to the reception or offices whilst managers may access the photocopier, fax machine, toilets, and kitchen as required. Risk: Low

Visitors (for instance directors showing customers our site or sales representatives) use reception where their presence may be logged or are signed in by Jane Rudd in the press shop. Risk: Low

Directors normally move between sites as required. Risk: Medium

Activity to be limited or stopped for all but essential journeys and access limited to out doo wherever possible.

Contractors report to the works office and are signed in and out after induction and / or briefing on what is required of them and specific hazards that may be encountered on the day. Risk: Low with controls in place.

Delivery drivers may use the works door if the roller shutter door is down to ask to be unloaded. Risk: Low if driver isolated to cab or immediate vicinity Risk: Medium if driver must enter premises.

Persons requiring taking meter readings are received at reception and escorted to the location of the meter or if familiar with the location to be accessed briefed and instructed on any relevant safety issue(s) relevant at that time. Risk: Low

6.What areas of contact exist?

If uncontrolled access to site were to occur someone who may be feeling ill may gain entry thus running the risk of harmful contamination or infection on this site.

Level of Risk: Low

Areas of specific concern are:

- Staircases / narrow hallway or reception in office. (Low risk)
- Front door to warehouse where entry is "blind" through a solid door. (Low risk)
- Works office where employees may walk in to speak to the managers or request assistance or tools (Low risk)
- Communal areas: Washrooms, canteen, locker room where people congregate at break times and start and end of day (Medium risk)
- Kitchens in office where ho drinks are made throughout day or the microwave is used to heat food (Medium risk)
- Gangways / walkways in factory / warehouse (Low risk)
- Yard where employees join at break times (Low risk)

Level of Risk: Low to Medium Risk as itemised above

7. What are people doing in specific areas?

Office

Use of equipment: Photocopier / printer / fax telephones PC's

Working at workstations
Use of toilets / wash facilities

Use of kitchen: Making drinks, heating food, washing up

Cleaning office (contract cleaners) Low Risk

Works office

Working at one workstation

Recording information, time keeping system errors

Work progress

Control of documented information **Low Risk**

Canteen, washrooms, locker room

Use of toilets and washing facilities

Reading meters (water / gas)

Break time routines beverages / warming food

Purchase / consumption of snacks having a break

Putting on / removing overalls, use of lockers

Accessing tools, lubricants / substances, PPE, consumables Medium Risk

Workshop, warehouses, tool-room, galvanizing plant

Fabrication, forming and galvanizing of steel goods by welding, punching, sawing, machining, profile burning .

Storage of raw materials, stocks, oils chemicals and waste.

Tool making

Welding / fabrication / profiling of steel

Use of forklift truck

Storage / removal of wastes Low Risk

Yard

Storage of oil and waste oil

Loading / unloading raw materials, part finished goods, wastes and scrap metal, receipt of tools, consumables, and other supplies Low Risk

8. Who can be harmed?

High Risk Categories of people who are given as:

- Older persons
- Persons who are immunocompromised
- Persons with existing medical conditions

Added to this other persons may wish to remove themselves from work because they live with a person falling into the above categories and their continued presence at work would pose a risk to a partner / relative if they themselves became infected.

At medium risk there can be counted employees, members of staff, visitors, service providers, delivery / collection drivers, maintenance, and service engineers.

At low risk occasional admittance for very short periods of time i.e. persons reading meters or performing brief inspections.

9. How can people be harmed?

A person who is infected coming on to site who spreads the virus to others by:

- Transmitting coronavirus person to person through small droplets from nose or mouth when an infected person coughs or exhales.
- Droplets landing on objects, surfaces being touched by other people, then touching their eyes, nose, or mouth.
- Breathing droplets from a person with coronavirus who coughs out or exhales droplets.

Risk Level: Medium

Stress may have harmful effects on all persons because of the pandemic. This may result from:

- Fear anxiety for oneself or a loved one
- Fear of infection and risk to health
- Infection of a relative / friend / partner
- Death of a relative / partner / friend
- Loss of earnings
- Underlying conditions or past illness

Its affects may promote in persons:

III Health

Absence from work

Inability to concentrate or live a normal life

Risk from stress

Risk level: Low

Lack of stress management training in workplace amongst directors and top management but company has used HR consultant independent stress counselling for its employees.

Risk of harm to management and all employees because of:

Anxiety over pandemic, workplace or loved ones

Stress from loss or earnings

Stress from illness

Stress from bereavement

Also, loss of staff during pandemic resulting in more pressure on remaining employees

Risk Level: Low

Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1. Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2 Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

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Risk to business continuity

The pandemic may place critical stress on all aspects of the business including:

- Loss of staff to illness resulting in departments working at reduced capacity or forced to close.
- Loss of critical knowledge due to key staff being absent through illness, self-isolation, or the need to protect a family member at home.
- Loss within supply chain resulting in difficulties fulfilling orders.
- Loss of orders if customers are affected by virus / situation
- Financial difficulties because of loss of orders or inability to fulfil orders
- Problems to infrastructure of company if many people supporting it are ill
- Loss of business confidence if unable to fulfil customer requirements.

Risk Level: Medium

Risk to maintaining data protection requirements or breach

Risk of security breach if illness results in data not being handled competently and with due diligence. Failure of data controllers to oversee and protect data and sensitive personal data as required.

Risk of claim, litigation, or prosecution

Risks of claim / legal action / prosecution if:

- Health and safety in workplace are compromised by key staff being absent due to pandemic.
- Agency / temporary workers unfamiliar with site and its risks have accident / injury.
- Management of workplace is insufficient to prevent extensive illness in workplace or illness resulting on death.

Level of Risk: Low

Note for supporting information refer to 5×5 risk assessments (probability / severity) on file in Health & Safety managers files.

Risk Assessment created by: CD Price This issue created: 22/05/2020

Education and awareness of top management

The company shall seek and refer to guidance issued by relevant authorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensure current and correct information is received, understood and appropriate actions planned and implemented. These authorities / sources of information shall include:

H.M. Government Guidance (COVID-19) - GOV.UK Coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS ACAS.Org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation

Information shall be obtained so that top management can specifically understand: The nature of the virus

Prevention / control methods for the virus

How the virus spreads

Unfolding information updates including:

The spread of the virus

Government / NHS / Public Health England revision of instructions or information updates. Government requirements and compliance obligations

Top management shall implement Government / NHS / Public Health England guidance and compliance obligations into its strategic planning and the actions it formulates and implements.

Consultation with department managers and works safety representatives

The directors shall liaise and communicate with the company's department heads and workplace representatives to:

- (1) Ensure consultation is achieved with sufficient input to ensure decisions reached are as effective as possible.
- (2) Ensure control measures are understood and implemented as effectively as possible to achieve the company's intended outcomes.

Decision making by top management

Top management shall decide and implement on necessary controls with reference to best advice and guidance from relevant authorities with input from department managers and works representatives to create initiatives and control measures in the workplace. They shall also refer to business continuity and pandemic plan strategies to:

- (1) Gain a head start in the understanding of the nature of controls required to benefit the company, its employees, and stakeholders and
- (2) Protect the company's wider interests as far as finance, customer satisfaction / confidence and stakeholder relationships are concerned.

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Communicating the company's requirements and compliance obligations to all its stakeholders

The company shall decide with whom, how and what it communicates with its stakeholders in respect of the issues it has identified as relevant.

The company shall communicate with:

Company employees

Company staff and management

Company's customers

Company's supplier base

Service providers (contractors, service engineers, inspection / testing authorities)

Delivery / collection drivers

Utility service meter readers

The methods for communication may include:

Personal letter

Poster campaign / notices / signs & information issued to site

E-mail / telephone call

Conversation / provision of information on arrival for unexpected visitors on site.

What the company shall communicate may include:

Public Health England guidance to promote pandemic awareness

Other guidance promoting awareness (Gov.UK, NHS, or WHO)

New company requirements based on government or other guidance

Best practice for cleaners

Company's pandemic / business continuity planning

Government schemes announced (i.e. furloughing of employees)

Company communications on COVID-19 including:

Unpredictability of situation

Lockdown

Need to continue to supply transmission industry

Covering letter in case workers are stopped on their way to work

What to do if you feel unwell

Circumstances under which you should self-isolate

What you need to do if you are self-isolating

Social distancing in the workplace

Specific relating to annual pay, holidays, the job retention scheme, SSP. Overtime Good hygiene

Reporting shortcomings or failures in company's control measures or its protection of people in the workplace

Who is at higher risk and what the company will do if you are?

Government COVID 19 updates

Safe systems of work issued to work force for social distancing, personal hygiene, workstations / social distancing, galvanizing, maintenance, wearing of PPE.

Conditions of entry to site for external service providers including social distancing, personal hygiene and permitted activities in given locations.

Company's pandemic procedures which includes cleaning / handwashing /hygiene and social distancing and personal hygiene

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Specific risk presence of infected person(s) in workplace

- 1. Communicate nature of virus and symptoms to workforce with poster campaign
- 2. Department managers to communicate the need to <u>NOT</u> come into work if you feel unwell, believe yourself to have any of the symptoms of coronavirus, have a person in your household or believe yourself to have been in contact with anybody who is ill with coronavirus or has its symptoms. Persons who become ill on site should report this to their department head and go home.
- 3. Company management to communicate with key service providers and supplier likely to come on site to ensure that:
- All non-essential or non-emergency work by contractors is put on hold (purchasing director and department managers)
- Delivery / collection drivers maintain social distancing. (department managers & purchasing director) and are not allowed inside company premises.
- Non-urgent deliveries to be suspended as far as is possible (purchasing director)
- 4. Visits unsolicited shall not be allowed unless they serve a critical aspect or function of the business as decided by top management (departmental managers / top management) 5. Any person representing an external party that is permitted to be on site will be permitted to do so only if:
- They believe themselves free of the virus, or,
- Have recovered from it after a period of 7 days
- Abide by any special requirements which are decided by the company that reduce the risk of spreading the virus on site including those relating to hygiene, hand washing, and social distancing
- Have not been in contact within 14 days of someone they know to have or believe to have symptoms of coronavirus
 - (Departmental managers / anybody controlling site access)
- 6. Anybody believed / identified as being an unauthorised presence on site shall be immediate removed.

Risk of harm to persons falling into the at greater risk categories

The company shall immediately send home and furlough any employee who falls into any of the high-risk categories these include:

Level 1: People at very high risk

Persons who:

- Have had an organ transplant
- Are having chemotherapy, anti-body treatment or immunotherapy
- Are having intense radiotherapy
- Are having targeted cancer treatments
- Have blood / bone marrow cancer
- Are having a blood / bone marrow / stem cell transplant or have had such treatment within 6 months.
- Have a severe lung condition including severe asthma
- Have a condition that puts you at high risk (i.e. sickle cell)
- Are taking medicines that make you more susceptible to infections (i.e. high dose of steroids)

Such persons will have received a letter from the NHS confirming this status or should telephone their doctor if they have not received a letter.

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Level 2: People at high risk

Persons who:

- Are aged 70 or over
- Are pregnant
- Have a learning disability
- Have a lung condition that is not severe (asthma, bronchitis etc.)
- Have heart disease
- Have high blood pressure
- Have diabetes
- Have chronic kidney disease
- Have liver disease
- Have a brain or nerve condition
- Have a spleen removed or a spleen condition
- Have a condition that makes you susceptible to infection
- Are taking medicine (including steroids) that effect your immune system
- Are obese (a BMI of 40 or above)

Note: Any person who is not at high risk but living with a person who is may wish to self-isolate to protect such persons. Likewise, other persons may develop anxiety over the situation and may wish to stay at home as a result. In all these instances the company shall agree to such persons to self-isolate immediately and place these persons who have requested to absent themselves from the workplace on Statutory Sick Pay (SSP)

Risk of contaminated surfaces or coming into contact with them

- 1. The company shall initiate and maintain extra cleaning regimes for the duration of the pandemic on all its premises. It shall achieve this by:
- Appointing employees to form a cleaning team
- Train such persons in what to clean and the best practice for doing this
- How best to maintain their own personal protection and safety while doing these duties.
- Properties and uses of cleaning materials provided including what, where, how and how often to clean areas and surfaces.
- Issue, use and safe disposal of PPE
- What to do if becoming aware of any threat or a breach in the company's cleaning regime that needs to be corrected or controlled.
- 2. Appropriate and effective issue of hand sanitiser and soap in strategic locations in the workplace
- 3. issue of notices to washrooms and canteens about the importance of maintaining a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace.
- 4. Enforcing a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace by department managers and creation and issue of cleaning procedures.
- 5. Communicating the need for all persons to report any failures or breakdown in site cleaning regimes or hygiene arrangements within the company to an appropriate manager.
- 6. The company shall provide suitable cleaning materials: including anti-bacterial spray and wipes and bleach to newly appointed cleaning teams and continue to supply them to the regular cleaners.
- 7. Absences in the cleansing teams must be reported to department managers so that manpower gaps are filled as a matter of utmost urgency so cleaning regimes and their effectiveness are not compromised.

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Further reducing the risk of the spread of infection in the workplace

4. Social distancing shall be affected in the workplace by:

- Communicating the 2-metre government requirement for social distancing in the workplace by the issue of notices in prominent / key locations and enforcing this knowledge by verbal communication to the workforce by department managers
- Marking of 2 metre distancing in common areas including those for clocking in/out.
- Department managers enforcing social distancing requirements whenever the notice failure of employees or other persons in the workplace to comply.
- Arranging for break times to be staggered to allow for social distancing in the
 washrooms, canteen and walkways in the premises, Clocking in or out of the factory
 shall be accomplished by maintaining social distancing and remaining vigilant.
- Staggered working hours with agreement and consultation with workforce to improve social distancing.

2. Provision and use of PPE

Government guidance on the issue of PPE in the workplace at current time of this revision states wearing of PPE is only effective where there is a very high chance of infection. The company has issued a safe system of work for persons who decide they wish to wear face coverings in the workplace, it is believed that the workplace provides adequate space to maintain social distancing.

Without the issue of PPE yet. Social distancing arrangements in (1) above including the staggering of break times is so far judged to be effective in reducing space or bring people together at the same time.

In the galvanizing plant manual handling operations may reduce social distancing to between 1.5 metres and 2 metres. Face visors are to be provided to reduce the risk of infection person to person in this instance.

3. Beverages and other shared activities

Activities such as making beverages for other employees and fetching or sharing newspapers or magazines at break times is prohibited and enforces by department managers.

Reducing the workforce on site to protect and safeguard it.

Where possible the company shall ask employees to work from home where existing links for this facility have already been created or it is desirable to establish new connections. The criteria for this are that the role can be performed at home with effectiveness at all levels.

Key workers may be required to be furloughed to protect the financial stability of the company or to ensure that if a key worker on site is taken ill or is absent from work a "protected" replacement can be asked to come into work for business continuity. Home working will be covered by a separate risk assessment.

Promoting good hygiene at all levels of the business at home as at work

Enforce knowledge and practice of the following actions:

- (1) Clean hands frequently with soap and water for 20 seconds or by using hand sanitiser.
- (2) Cover your coughs and sneezes by covering your nose and mouth with a tissue. If you do not have one to hand sneeze into the crook of your elbow, not into your hand.
- (3) Use disposable tissues and throw these into a disposable rubbish bag then immediately wash your hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser.
- (4) Wash your hands when you get to work or arrive at home. Be mindful of touching any surface where the virus may be lying and may survive for some time. If in doubt wash or sanitise your hands.

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BB Price Limited	Risk Assessment and Me	ethod Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/04
Se	ction B - Method Statement for C	Coronavirus Contr	ol
Risk from stress	People respond to stress in different ways and at different levels from mild to debilitating stress. Managers are mindful of the conditions and circumstances that may promote stress in employees and are asked to speak to people if they become aware or concerned that stress is affecting co-worker. Where employees remain in at home the company keeps in regular contact enquiring as to the individuals physical and mental wellbeing. Where concerns are raised the individual is directed to national help lines and sources of help available during the pandemic. Care on return to work will be assessed for further actions if required. The company has not undertaken third party training for identifying and managing stress of its workforce and currently the effects of the virus is preventing it from doing so. Benefit may be gained by signing up relevant persons to a certified course when time and circumstances allow. The company currently addresses the issue of stress and trauma by seeking initial advice from its appointed HR consultant and actin upon referrals to qualified counselling services for affected employees at a cost to the company		
Risk to business continuity	The company has existing business continuity and pandemic response planning established and reviewed annually or as change occurs. Top management and department managers are trained in respect of the company's planning and its implementation. To mitigate the effects of critical situations the company has planned actions that may be summarised as follows:		
	Risk to business Loss of key skills to illness Significant temporary loss of workforce in key departments Supply chain failure	- multi skilled work - mentoring prograt - shared skills/addit on different compa - Monitoring of dep re-allocate human - Use of agency sta - High stock levels t breaks Purchase of good other suppliers to t expectations Pandemic respon Large stocks held. A in-house or find alto	orce with shared skills force/group resources mmes to develop staff cional personnel working eny premises. Forthermore seartmental losses to resources. Iff o manage production s from competitors/ manage customer se plan Ability to manufacture
Data protection and	Reduced order book	supplies. Business continuity Government furlou	ghing scheme.

Data protection and GDPR

Company listings of employees and company data held shall be extended to monitor during the pandemic:

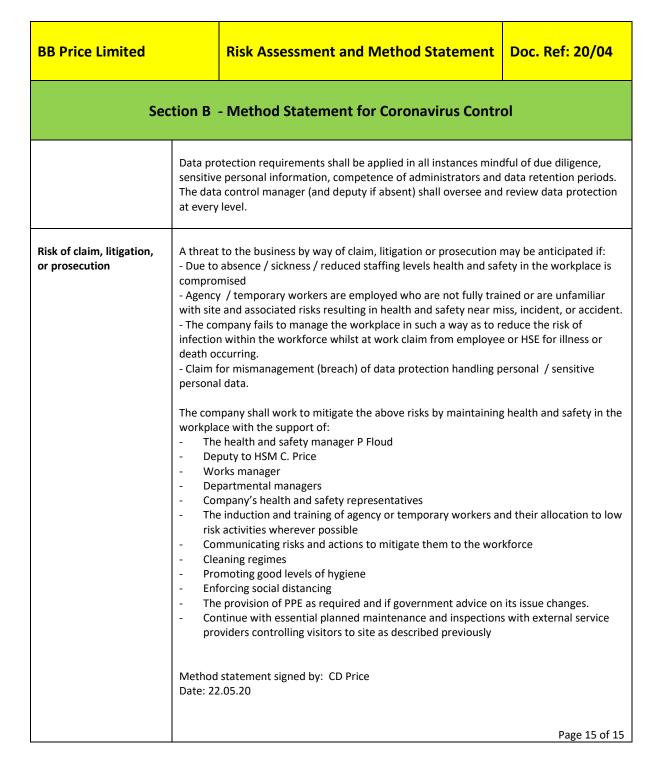
Absence / sickness amongst workforce

Reports from employees absent / sick / self-isolating

Employee returns to work Departmental losses Departmental reports Furlough arrangements SSP arrangements

Covid-19 RIDDOR reporting (if necessary

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Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1. Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2 Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

BB Price Limited		Risk Assessment and Method Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/05
		Section A Preliminary	
1. Nature of risk	Infected person(s) either employees or visitors to site – enters site causing: (1) Exposure of workforce and staff to Covid-19 virus in workplace. (2) Risk to health and life to workforce staff and other persons coming onto site. (3) Other health and safety risks to workforce, staff, and other persons on site by other failings resulting from change in workplace due to pandemic. (Breakdown of health and safety enforcement) (4) Risk to business continuity.		
2. Location	Lodgefield Road Halesowen B62 8AX		
3. Description of normal activities	Control of persons entering site. Office with administrative activities. Goods in / out, assembly, packaging, storage, and despatch of steel. Consumables and waste throughout site. Contractors / service providers for logistics of deliveries and collections, maintenance of plant, equipment, and premises. Reporting of injuries, diseases, and dangerous occurrences (RIDDOR) near misses, accident, and incidents. Note: Where a worker has been diagnosed as having Covid-19 and there is reasonable evidence that this was caused by exposure at work, this must be reported as a case of disease and when a worker dies as a result of exposure to the virus.		
4. Specific hazards caused by risk	 (A) Entry into office Virus infection/contamination brought into office by company employees, top management, contractors / service providers, visitors, cleaners, and delivery drivers. All the above groups may bring Covid-19 to workplace. Illness / infection of employees, visitors, and service providers. Death of above persons. Stress amongst employees. Higher risk to certain groups of people i.e. Older persons Immune compromised persons Persons with pre-existing medical condition Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons from infection. Areas that can be affected Reception / hallway General office Managers office Toilets / washrooms Small kitchen and store cupboard Note: During most situations social distancing is easily maintained. 		

Specific hazards of risk described

Other effects:

Illness / death amongst top management

Illness / death amongst visitors i.e.

Cleaners

Delivery drivers

Employees

Contractors & service providers

Damage to business continuity

Damage to reputation / business confidence

Litigation for failure to control virus exposure resulting in RIDDOR event

Level of risk:

Medium / High Risk
To persons in at risk categories listed on page one to effects of illness

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry drivers and maintenance engineers)

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional deliveries or performing occasional tasks (i.e. meter reading or inspections)

Specific hazards of risk described

General Risk Office: Low

(B) Works entrance and yard

- Virus infection / contamination brought onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, delivery drivers and contractors / service providers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers etc. (persons described above)
- Death of persons described above
- Stress amongst employees
- Persons at higher risk / older persons, immune compromised persons, and persons with pre-existing medical conditions.
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Areas that can be affected

The yard is big enough to allow social distancing, however office and assembly bay entrances may be a hazard as people may try to pass through entrance door without knowing who is on the other side.

Specific hazards of risk described

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" listed on page to effects of illness.

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry rivers and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk: Low

(C) Canteen, washrooms and locker areas

- Virus infection / contamination brough onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers and drivers
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers
- Death of persons at higher risk
- Stress amongst workforce
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons on site

Areas that can be affected:

All the areas described above are at risk because break times and daily routines / working hours bring people together at the same time. Enforcing social distancing of 2 metres is practised and monitored by management.

Other effects

Sickness / temporary loss of cleaning staff with heightened risk to all persons. Quicker spread of virus / contamination.

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" as previously described.

<u>Medium Risk:</u> To persons at risk in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors i.e. cleaners, drivers, and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low to Medium

Specific hazards of risk described

(D) Warehouse and assembly bay

- Virus infection / contamination brought in onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers, drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers.
- Death of persons above
- Stress amongst workforce
- Higher risk to certain groups of people as previously describes
- Legal actions and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons

Low Risk:

Areas that can be affected

Social distancing can be practised because all areas can allow at least 2-metre area because of safe siting of working areas.

The storage area is generally only used by two people at any time apart from others accessing, using sand exiting the canteen.

The assembly bay allows for social distancing to be maintained, however as workers normally used none fixed seating they must be reminded to maintain 2 metres apart.

The wearing of PPE (boots, overalls, gloves) is mandatory in this area but offers no protection against COVID-19. Social distancing and good hygiene including the cleaning of surfaces before a new operative uses equipment is the best control employed. A safe system of work for work stations has been issued to the workforce.

Machines are cleaned down daily although not specifically on control surfaces.

Low Risk:

Other effects:

Specific hazards from risk described

Risk of transmission if employees finish work together at break times and use the same walkways an out break of Covid-19 that becomes remitted through the workplace would potentially close departments (i.e. forging and machinery) or the factory as a whole. Currently under review social distancing is working well but staggered break times are in operation and site manager shall recommend staggered start / finish times if concerns are raised / lapses occur.

Level of Risk: Low

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories"

<u>Medium Risk:</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily including regular visitors / engineers / drivers.

Low Risk: To persons making occasional visits i.e. to read meters or perform inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low

5. Control of access to site

All employees and managers use a fob to register their entry and exit from site. There is no unauthorised access for employees to the offices whilst authorised operatives may access the photocopier, fax machine, toilets, and kitchen as required.

Risk: Low

Visitors (for instance directors showing customers our site or sales representatives) use reception where their presence may be logged.

Risk: Low

Directors normally move between sites as required, Risk: Medium

Activity to be limited or stopped for all but essential journeys and access limited to outdoors wherever possible

Contractors report to the works office, or wait on the roadside frontage and are signed in and out after inductions and / or briefing on what is required of them and specific hazards that may be encountered on the day.

Low Risk: with controls in place

Delivery drivers may use the works door if nobody is available in the yard to unload them and ask for assistance. Risk: Low if driver is isolated to cab / immediate vicinity. Risk: Medium if driver has to enter premises.

Persons requiring taking meter readings are received at reception and escorted to the location of the meter or if familiar with the location to be accessed briefed and instructed on any relevant safety issue(s) relevant at that time.. Risk: Low

6.What areas of contact exist?

If uncontrolled access to site were to occur someone who may be feeling ill may gain entry thus running the risk of harmful contamination or infection on this site.

Level of Risk: Low

Areas of specific concern are:

- Staircases / narrow passageways and reception in office. (Low risk)
- Doors to warehouse where entry is "blind" through a solid door. (Low risk)
- Communal areas: Washrooms, canteen, locker room where people congregate at break times and start and end of day (Medium risk)
- Kitchenette in office where hot drinks are made throughout day or the microwave is used to heat food (Medium risk)
- Gangways / walkways buildings and yards (Low risk)
- Yard where employees join at break times (Low risk)

Level of Risk: Low to Medium Risk as itemised above

BB Price Limited

Risk Assessment and Method Statement

Doc. Ref: 20/05

Section A Preliminary

7. What are people doing in specific areas?

Office

Use of equipment: Photocopier / printer / fax telephones PC's

Working at workstations
Use of toilets / wash facilities

Use of kitchen: Making drinks, heating food, washing up

Cleaning office (contract cleaners) Low Risk

Works office

Working at one workstation

Recording information, time keeping system errors

Work progress

Control of documented information Low Risk:

Canteen, washrooms, locker room, tool store

Use of toilets and washing facilities

Reading meters (water / gas)

Break time routines beverages / warming food

Purchase / consumption of snacks having a break

Putting on / removing overalls, use of lockers

Accessing tools, lubricants / substances, PPE, consumables Medium Risk

Yard

Storage of finished and part finished goods

Loading / unloading receipt of part finished goods, despatch of finished goods, wastes and scrap metal. Receipt of consumables, and other supplies. Low Risk:

8. Who can be harmed?

High Risk Categories of people who are given as:

- Older persons
- Persons who are immunocompromised
- Persons with existing medical conditions

Added to this other persons may wish to remove themselves from work because they live with a person falling into the above categories and their continued presence at work would pose a risk to a partner / relative if they themselves became infected.

At medium risk there can be counted employees, members of staff, visitors, service providers, delivery / collection drivers, maintenance, and service engineers.

At low risk occasional admittance for very short periods of time i.e. persons reading meters or performing brief inspections.

9. How can people be harmed?

A person who is infected coming on to site who spreads the virus to others by:

- Transmitting coronavirus person to person through small droplets from nose or mouth when an infected person coughs or exhales.
- Droplets landing on objects, surfaces being touched by other people, then touching their eyes, nose, or mouth.
- Breathing droplets from a person with coronavirus who coughs out or exhales droplets.

Risk Level: Medium

Stress may have harmful effects on all persons because of the pandemic. This may result from:

- Fear anxiety for oneself or a loved one
- Fear of infection and risk to health
- Infection of a relative / friend / partner
- Death of a relative / partner / friend
- Loss of earnings
- Underlying conditions or past illness

Its affects may promote in persons:

III Health

Absence from work

Inability to concentrate or live a normal life

Risk level: Low

Risk from stress

Lack of stress management training in workplace amongst directors and top management but company has used HR consultant independent stress counselling for its employees.

Risk of harm to management and all employees because of:

Anxiety over pandemic, workplace or loved ones

Stress from loss or earnings

Stress from illness

Stress from bereavement

Also, loss of staff during pandemic resulting in more pressure on remaining employees

Risk Level: Low

Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1. Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2. Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

Page 7 of 15

Risk to business continuity

The pandemic may place critical stress on all aspects of the business including:

- Loss of staff to illness resulting in departments working at reduced capacity or forced to close
- Loss of critical knowledge due to key staff being absent through illness, self-isolation, or the need to protect a family member at home.
- Loss within supply chain resulting in difficulties fulfilling orders.
- Loss of orders if customers are affected by virus / situation
- Financial difficulties because of loss of orders or inability to fulfil orders
- Problems to infrastructure of company if many people supporting it are ill
- Loss of business confidence if unable to fulfil customer requirements.

Risk Level: Medium

Risk to maintaining data protection requirements or breach

Risk of security breach if illness results in data not being handled competently and with due diligence. Failure of data controllers to oversee and protect data and sensitive personal data as required.

Risk of claim, litigation, or prosecution

Risks of claim / legal action / prosecution if:

- Health and safety in workplace are compromised by key staff being absent due to pandemic.
- Agency / temporary workers unfamiliar with site and its risks have accident / injury.
- Management of workplace is insufficient to prevent extensive illness in workplace or illness resulting on death.

Level of Risk: Low

Note: For supporting information refer to 5 x 5 risk assessments (probability / severity) on file in Health and Safety managers' files.

Risk Assessment created by: CD Price This version created: 22/5/2020

Education and awareness of top management

The company shall seek and refer to guidance issued by relevant authorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensure current and correct information is received, understood and appropriate actions planned and implemented. These authorities / sources of information shall include:

H.M. Government Guidance (COVID-19) - GOV.UK Coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS ACAS.Org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation

Information shall be obtained so that top management can specifically understand: The nature of the virus

Prevention / control methods for the virus

How the virus spreads

Unfolding information updates including:

The spread of the virus

Government / NHS / Public Health England revision of instructions or information updates. Government requirements and compliance obligations

Top management shall implement Government / NHS / Public Health England guidance and compliance obligations into its strategic planning and the actions it formulates and implements.

Consultation with department managers and works safety representatives

The directors shall liaise and communicate with the company's department heads and workplace representatives to:

- (1) Ensure consultation is achieved with sufficient input to ensure decisions reached are as effective as possible.
- (2) Ensure control measures are understood and implemented as effectively as possible to achieve the company's intended outcomes.

Decision making by top management

Top management shall decide and implement on necessary controls with reference to best advice and guidance from relevant authorities with input from department managers and works representatives to create initiatives and control measures in the workplace. They shall also refer to business continuity and pandemic plan strategies to:

- (1) Gain a head start in the understanding of the nature of controls required to benefit the company, its employees, and stakeholders and
- (2) Protect the company's wider interests as far as finance, customer satisfaction / confidence and stakeholder relationships are concerned.

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Communicating the company's requirements and compliance obligations to all its stakeholders

The company shall decide with whom, how and what it communicates with its stakeholders in respect of the issues it has identified as relevant.

The company shall communicate with:

Company employees

Company staff and management

Company's customers

Company's supplier base

Service providers (contractors, service engineers, inspection / testing authorities)

Delivery / collection drivers

Utility service meter readers

The methods for communication may include:

Personal letter

Poster campaign / notices / signs & information issued to site

E-mail / telephone call

Conversation / provision of information on arrival for unexpected visitors on site.

What the company shall communicate may include:

Public Health England guidance to promote pandemic awareness

Other guidance promoting awareness (Gov.UK, NHS, or WHO)

New company requirements based on government or other guidance

Best practice for cleaners

Company's pandemic / business continuity planning

Government schemes announced (i.e. furloughing of employees)

Company communications on COVID-19 including:

Unpredictability of situation

Lockdown

Need to continue to supply transmission industry

Covering letter in case workers are stopped on their way to work

What to do if you feel unwell

Circumstances under which you should self-isolate

What you need to do if you are self-isolating

Social distancing in the workplace

Specific relating to annual pay, holidays, the job retention scheme, SSP. Overtime Good hygiene

Reporting shortcomings or failures in company's control measures or its protection of people in the workplace

Who is at higher risk and what the company will do if you are?

The company's pandemic procedures which include cleaning / hand washing / hygiene and social distancing and personal hygiene.

Government COVID-19 updates

Safe systems of work for social distancing, personal hygiene, workstations and wearing of face protection.

Conditions of entry to site to external providers' including social distancing, personal hygiene and permitted activities at given location

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Specific risk presence of infected person(s) in workplace

- 1. Communicate nature of virus and symptoms to workforce with poster campaign
- 2. Department managers to communicate the need to <u>NOT</u> come into work if you feel unwell, believe yourself to have any of the symptoms of coronavirus, have a person in your household or believe yourself to have been in contact with anybody who is ill with coronavirus or has its symptoms. Persons who become ill on site should report this to their department head and go home.
- 3. Company management to communicate with key service providers and supplier likely to come on site to ensure that:
- All non-essential or non-emergency work by contractors is put on hold (purchasing director and department managers)
- Delivery / collection drivers maintain social distancing. (department managers & purchasing director) and are not allowed inside company premises.
- Non-urgent deliveries to be suspended as far as is possible (purchasing director)
- 4. Visits unsolicited shall not be allowed unless they serve a critical aspect or function of the business as decided by top management (departmental managers / top management) 5. Any person representing an external party that is permitted to be on site will be permitted to do so only if:
- They believe themselves free of the virus, or,
- Have recovered from it after a period of 7 days
- Abide by any special requirements which are decided by the company that reduce the risk of spreading the virus on site including those relating to hygiene, hand washing, and social distancing
- Have not been in contact within 14 days of someone they know to have or believe to have symptoms of coronavirus
 - (Departmental managers / anybody controlling site access)
- 6. Anybody believed / identified as being an unauthorised presence on site shall be immediate removed.

Risk of harm to persons falling into the at greater risk categories

The company shall immediately send home and furlough any employee who falls into any of the high-risk categories these include:

Level 1: People at very high risk

Persons who:

- Have had an organ transplant
- Are having chemotherapy, anti-body treatment or immunotherapy
- Are having intense radiotherapy
- Are having targeted cancer treatments
- Have blood / bone marrow cancer
- Are having a blood / bone marrow / stem cell transplant or have had such treatment within 6 months.
- Have a severe lung condition including severe asthma
- Have a condition that puts you at high risk (i.e. sickle cell)
- Are taking medicines that make you more susceptible to infections (i.e. high dose of steroids)

Such persons will have received a letter from the NHS confirming this status or should telephone their doctor if they have not received a letter.

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Level 2: People at high risk

Persons who:

- Are aged 70 or over
- Are pregnant
- Have a learning disability
- Have a lung condition that is not severe (asthma, bronchitis etc.)
- Have heart disease
- Have high blood pressure
- Have diabetes
- Have chronic kidney disease
- Have liver disease
- Have a brain or nerve condition
- Have a spleen removed or a spleen condition
- Have a condition that makes you susceptible to infection
- Are taking medicine (including steroids) that effect your immune system
- Are obese (a BMI of 40 or above)

Note: Any person who is not at high risk but living with a person who is may wish to self-isolate to protect such persons. Likewise, other persons may develop anxiety over the situation and may wish to stay at home as a result. In all these instances the company shall agree to such persons to self-isolate immediately and place these persons who have requested to absent themselves from the workplace on Statutory Sick Pay (SSP)

Risk of contaminated surfaces or coming into contact with them

- 1. The company shall initiate and maintain extra cleaning regimes for the duration of the pandemic on all its premises. It shall achieve this by:
- Appointing employees to form a cleaning team
- Train such persons in what to clean and the best practice for doing this
- How best to maintain their own personal protection and safety while doing these
 duties.
- Properties and uses of cleaning materials provided including what, where, how and how often to clean areas and surfaces.
- Issue, use and safe disposal of PPE
- What to do if becoming aware of any threat or a breach in the company's cleaning regime that needs to be corrected or controlled.
- 2. Appropriate and effective issue of hand sanitiser and soap in strategic locations in the workplace
- 3. issue of notices to washrooms and canteens about the importance of maintaining a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace.
- 4. Enforcing a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace by department managers and creation and issue of cleaning / hygiene procedures.
- 5. Communicating the need for all persons to report any failures or breakdown in site cleaning regimes or hygiene arrangements within the company to an appropriate manager.
- 6. The company shall provide suitable cleaning materials: including anti-bacterial spray and wipes and bleach to newly appointed cleaning teams and continue to supply them to the regular cleaners.
- 7. Absences in the cleansing teams must be reported to department managers so that manpower gaps are filled as a matter of utmost urgency so cleaning regimes and their effectiveness are not compromised.

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Further reducing the risk of the spread of infection in the workplace

1. Social distancing shall be affected in the workplace by:

- Communicating the 2-metre government requirement for social distancing in the workplace by the issue of notices in prominent / key locations and enforcing this knowledge by verbal communication to the workforce by department managers.
- Marking of 2 metre social distancing in common with areas including those for clocking in / out.
- Department managers enforcing social distancing requirements whenever the notice failure of employees or other persons in the workplace to comply.
- Arranging for break times to be staggered to allow for social distancing in the washrooms, canteen and walkways in the premises.
- If desirable staggered start and finish times after consultation / agreement with workforce to improve social distancing.

2. Provision and use of PPE

Government guidance on the issue of PPE in the workplace at the current time of this revision states wearing of PPE is only effective where there is a very high chance of infection. The company has issued a safe system of work for persons who decide they wish to wear face coverings in the workplace it is believed that the workplace provides adequate space to maintain social distancing on this site.

3. Beverages and other shared activities

Activities such as making beverages for other employees and fetching or sharing newspapers or magazines at break times is prohibited and enforces by department managers.

Reducing the workforce on site to protect and safeguard it.

Where possible the company shall ask employees to work from home where existing links for this facility have already been created or it is desirable to establish new connections. The criteria for this are that the role can be performed at home with effectiveness at all levels.

Key workers may be required to be furloughed to protect the financial stability of the company or to ensure that if a key worker on site is taken ill or is absent from work a "protected" replacement can be asked to come into work for business continuity. Home working will be covered by a separate risk assessment.

Promoting good hygiene at all levels of the business at home as at work

Enforce knowledge and practice of the following actions:

- (1) Clean hands frequently with soap and water for 20 seconds or by using hand sanitiser.
- (2) Cover your coughs and sneezes by covering your nose and mouth with a tissue. If you do not have one to hand sneeze into the crook of your elbow, not into your hand.
- (3) Use disposable tissues and throw these into a disposable rubbish bag then immediately wash your hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser.
- (4) Wash your hands when you get to work or arrive at home. Be mindful of touching any surface where the virus may be lying and may survive for some time. If in doubt wash or sanitise your hands.

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BB Price Limited

Risk Assessment and Method Statement

Doc. Ref: 20/05

Section B - Method Statement for Coronavirus Control

Risk from stress

People respond to stress in different ways and at different levels from mild to debilitating stress.

Managers are mindful of the conditions and circumstances that may promote stress in employees and are asked to speak to people if they become aware or concerned that stress is affecting co-worker.

Where employees remain at home the company keeps in regular contact and enquires as to the individuals physical and mental well being. Where concerns are identified the company shall direct the individual to national helplines and sources of help available during the pandemic. Return to work shall be carefully assessed with considerations for further actions.

The company has not undertaken third party training for identifying and managing stress of its workforce and currently the effects of the virus is preventing it from doing so. Benefit may be gained by signing up relevant persons to a certified course when time and circumstances allow.

The company currently addresses the issue of stress and trauma by seeking initial advice from its appointed HR consultant and actin upon referrals to qualified counselling services for affected employees at a cost to the company

Risk to business continuity

The company has existing business continuity and pandemic response planning established and reviewed annually or as change occurs.

Top management and department managers are trained in respect of the company's planning and its implementation.

To mitigate the effects of critical situations the company has planned actions that may be summarised as follows:

Risk to business

Loss of key skills to illness

Significant temporary loss of workforce in key departments

Actions to mitigate risk

Multi skilled workforce with shared skills

- multi skilled workforce/group resources
- mentoring programmes to develop staff
- shared skills/additional personnel working on different company premises.
- Monitoring of departmental losses to re-allocate human resources.
- Use of agency staff
- High stock levels to manage production breaks.
- Purchase of goods from competitors/ other suppliers to manage customer expectations.
- Pandemic response plan

Large stocks held. Ability to manufacture in-house or find alternatively sourced

supplies.

Reduced order book Business continuity plan

Government furloughing scheme.

Data protection and GDPR

(conducted at head office Newtown Street)

Company listings of employees and company data held shall be extended to monitor during the pandemic:

Absence / sickness amongst workforce

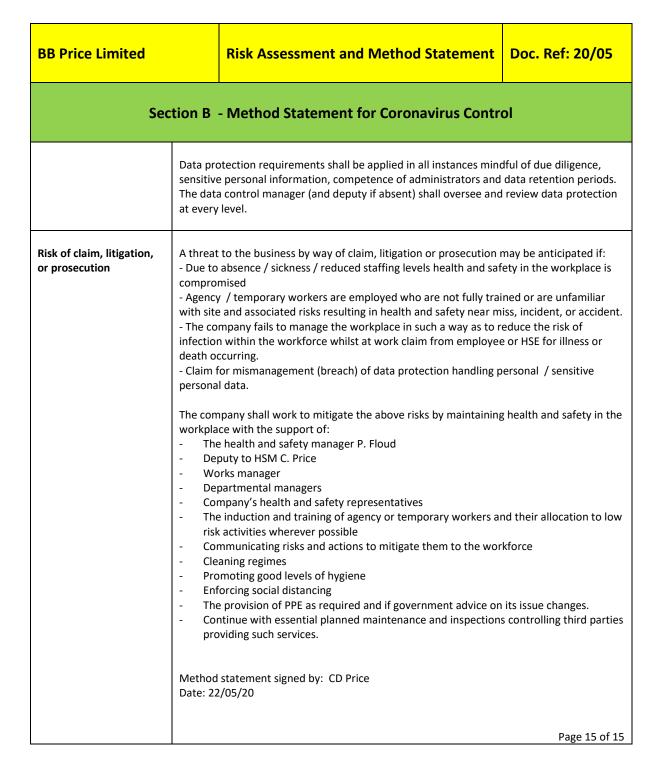
Reports from employees absent / sick / self-isolating

Employee returns to work Departmental losses Departmental reports Furlough arrangements

Supply chain failure

SSP arrangements
Covid-19 RIDDOR reporting (if necessary)

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Harris (Steels) Ltd		Risk Assessment and Metho	od Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/06		
Section A Preliminary						
1. Nature of risk	Infected person(s) either employees or visitors to site – enters site causing: (1) Exposure of workforce and staff to Covid-19 virus in workplace. (2) Risk to health and life to workforce staff and other persons coming onto site. (3) Other health and safety risks to workforce, staff, and other persons on site by other failings resulting from change in workplace due to pandemic. (Breakdown of health and safety enforcement) (4) Risk to business continuity.					
2. Location	Harris (Steels) Ltd Coombs Road, Halesowen B62 8AU					
3. Description of normal activities	Control of persons entering site. Office with administrative activities. Goods in / out, assembly, packaging, storage, and despatch of steel. Consumables and waste throughout site. Contractors / service providers for logistics of deliveries and collections, maintenance of plant, equipment, and premises. Reporting of injuries, diseases, and dangerous occurrences (RIDDOR) near misses, accident, and incidents. Note: Where a worker has been diagnosed as having Covid-19 and there is reasonable evidence that this was caused by exposure at work, this must be reported as a case of disease and when a worker dies as a result of exposure to the virus.					
4. Specific hazards caused by risk	 (A) Entry into office Virus infection/contamination brought into office by company employees, top management, contractors / service providers, visitors, cleaners, and delivery drivers. All the above groups may bring Covid-19 to workplace. Illness / infection of employees, visitors, and service providers. Death of above persons. Stress in workforce Higher risk to certain groups of people i.e. Older persons Immune compromised persons Persons with pre-existing medical condition Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons. 					
	Areas that can be affected Reception / hallway General office / directors offices / boardroom / archive Hallway and stairs Sales office / accounts office / director's offices / storeroom Small kitchen and store cupboard Note: During most situations social distancing is easily maintained.					

Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1 Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2 Page 1 of 15 Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

Specific hazards of risk described

Other effects:

Illness / death amongst top management

Illness / death amongst visitors i.e.

Cleaners

Delivery drivers

Employees

Contractors & service providers

Damage to business continuity

Damage to reputation / business confidence

Litigation for failure to control virus exposure resulting in RIDDOR event

Level of risk:

Medium / High Risk To persons in at risk categories listed on page one to effects of illness

<u>Medium Risk</u>_To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry drivers and maintenance engineers)

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional deliveries or performing occasional tasks (i.e. meter reading or inspections)

Specific hazards of risk described

General Risk Office: Low

(B) Warehouses entrances and yard

- Virus infection / contamination brought onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, delivery drivers and contractors / service providers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers etc. (persons described above)
- Death of persons described above
- Stress to employees
- Persons at higher risk / older persons, immune compromised persons, and persons with pre-existing medical conditions.
- Risk to business continuity loss of business confidence, loss of orders.
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Areas that can be affected

The yard is big enough to allow social distancing, however the warehouse entrances may be a hazard as people may try to pass through entrance door without knowing who is on the other side, if roller shutters are down.

Specific hazards of risk described

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" listed on page to effects of illness.

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry rivers and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk: Low

(C) Canteen, washrooms and locker areas

- Virus infection / contamination brough onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers and drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers
- Death of persons at higher risk
- Stress amongst workforce
- Risk of business continuity, loss of business confidence, loss of orders.
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons on site.

<u>Currently low risk with reduced staffing levels and social distancing measures</u>

Areas that can be affected:

All the areas described above are at risk because break times and daily routines / working hours bring people together at the same time. Enforcing social distancing (2 metre) requirements is being practised and monitored by management.

Other effects:

Sickness / temporary loss of cleaning staff with heightened risk to all persons. Quicker spread of virus / contamination.

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" as previously described.

<u>Medium Risk:</u> To persons at risk in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors i.e. cleaners, drivers, and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low to Medium

Specific hazards of risk described

(D) Main warehouse and fabrication area

- Virus infection / contamination brought in onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers, drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers.
- Death of persons above
- Stress amongst workforce
- Higher risk to certain groups of people as previously described.
- Legal actions and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Low Risk

Areas that can be affected

Social distancing can be practised because all areas allow at least a 2-metre distancing because of safe siting of machines, stocks, and walkways. **Low Risk**

The storage areas are in full use all day however there are not many people working here and since the pandemic numbers have been much further reduced using the government retention schemes furloughing arrangements. Areas where machines are sighted allow for significant distances to be maintained as machines are so placed to facilitate it.

The fabrication area has much tighter packed workstations and equipment but only two persons work in this area so social distancing can be maintained.

The wearing of PPE (boots, overalls, gloves, and safety glasses is mandatory in this area, operatives have been issued with a safe system of work for workstations are cleaned when different operatives use equipment . Low Risk

Machines are cleaned down daily although not specifically on control surfaces.

Other effects:

Specific hazards from risk described

Risk of transmission if employees finish work together at break times and use the same walkways an outbreak of Covid-19 that becomes transmitted through the workplace would potentially close departments (i.e. office, warehouse) or the workplace as a whole, because so many employees have been furloughed social distancing is being maintained even at busy times (breaks: Clocking in / out)

Level of Risk: Low

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" Levels 2 and !.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily including regular visitors / engineers / drivers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. to read meters or perform inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low

5. Control of access to site

All employees and managers use a fob to register their entry and exit from site. There is no unauthorised access for employees to the offices whilst authorised operatives may access the photocopier, fax machine, toilets, and kitchen as required. Low Risk:

Visitors (for instance directors showing customers our site or sales representatives) use reception where their presence may be logged. Low Risk:

Directors normally move between sites as required. Risk: Medium If uncontrolled activity is there generally limited to one director and limited to essential journeys. Other directors may move to sites but do not enter them, holding social distancing meetings outside.

Contractors report to the works office or wait on the roadside frontage and are signed in and out after induction and / or briefing on what is required of them and specific hazards that may be encountered on the day. Low Risk:

Delivery drivers may go to the office via a window / hatch where goods are in is controlled and drivers ask to be unloaded. Deliveries / collections of materials shall be controlled in accordance to company's COVID measures procedure to limit contact with drivers, who shall always be asked to remain in cab where safe to do or social distancing Low Risk:

Persons requiring taking meter readings are received at reception and escorted to the location of the meter or if familiar with the location to be accessed briefed and instructed on any relevant safety issue(s) relevant at that time. This can be done maintaining social distancing especially if the meter reader is already familiar with site. Low Risk:

If uncontrolled access to site were to occur someone who may be feeling ill may gain entry thus running the risk of harmful contamination or infection on this site.

Level of Risk: Low

Areas of specific concern are:

- Office staircase and ground floor and 1st floor passageways. (Low risk)
- Entrance to general office and door to canteen which is solid and prevents anybody using to see if anyone is on other side. (Low risk)
- Works office where employees may walk in to speak to the works manager. (Low risk)
- Communal areas: Washrooms, canteen, locker room where people congregate at break times and start and end of day (Medium risk)
- Office kitchen in office where hot drinks are made throughout day or the microwave is used to heat food (Medium risk)
- Gangways / walkways buildings and yards (Low risk)
- Yard where employees may join at break times (Low risk)
- Company's delivery drivers going to other companies or premises <u>Medium Risk:</u> (Refer to separate risk assessment for delivery drivers and goods in / out)

Level of Risk: Low to Medium Risk as itemised above

6.What areas of contact exist?

7. What are people doing in specific areas?

Office

Use of equipment: Photocopier / printer / fax telephones PC's

Working at workstations Use of toilets / wash facilities

Use of kitchen: Making drinks, heating food, washing up

Cleaning office (contract cleaners) Low Risk

General office

Working at one workstation

Recording information, time keeping system errors

Work progress

Control of documented information **Low Risk**

Works office

Working at one workstation Low Risk

Canteen, washrooms, locker room

Use of toilets and washing facilities

Break time routines beverages / warming food Purchase / consumption of snacks having a break Putting on / removing overalls, use of lockers

Accessing tools, lubricants / substances, PPE, consumables Medium Risk

Warehouse and fabrication area

Receiving steel raw material

Storing steel raw material

Despatching steel raw material

Sawing steel

Guillotine of steel

Welding / fabrication of steel
Use of forklift trucks and cranes

Storage / removal of wastes Low Risk

Yard

Fuelling lorries from own diesel tank / pump

Loading / unloading raw materials, part finished goods, wastes and scrap metal, receipt of tools, consumables, and other supplies. Low Risk

<u>Delivery drivers leaving site</u> Taking lorries out to other companies delivering or receiving steel and paperwork and driving. <u>Medium Risk:</u>

8. Who can be harmed?

High Risk Categories of people who are given as:

- Older persons
- Persons who are immunocompromised
- Persons with existing medical conditions

Added to this other persons may wish to remove themselves from work because they live with a person falling into the above categories and their continued presence at work would pose a risk to a partner / relative if they themselves became infected.

At medium risk there can be counted employees, members of staff, visitors, service providers, delivery / collection drivers, maintenance, and service engineers.

At low risk occasional admittance for very short periods of time i.e. persons reading meters or performing brief inspections.

Harris (Steels) L	Ltd
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Risk Assessment and Method Statement

Doc. Ref: 20/06

Section A Preliminary

9. How can people be harmed?

A person who is infected coming on to site who spreads the virus to others by:

- Transmitting coronavirus person to person through small droplets from nose or mouth when an infected person coughs or exhales.
- Droplets landing on objects, surfaces being touched by other people, then touching their eyes, nose, or mouth.
- Breathing droplets from a person with coronavirus who coughs out or exhales droplets.

Risk Level: Medium

Stress may have harmful effects on all persons because of the pandemic. This may result from:

- Fear anxiety for oneself or a loved one
- Fear of infection and risk to health
- Infection of a relative / friend / partner
- Death of a relative / partner / friend
- Loss of earnings
- Underlying conditions or past illness

Its affects may promote in persons:

III Health

Absence from work

Inability to concentrate or live a normal life

Risk from stress

Risk level: Low

Lack of stress management training in workplace amongst directors and top management but company has used HR consultant independent stress counselling for its employees.

Risk of harm to management and all employees because of:

Anxiety over pandemic, workplace or loved ones

Stress from loss or earnings

Stress from illness

Stress from bereavement

Also, loss of staff during pandemic resulting in more pressure on remaining employees

Risk Level: Low

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Page 7 of 15

Risk to business continuity

The pandemic may place critical stress on all aspects of the business including:

- Loss of staff to illness resulting in departments working at reduced capacity or forced to close.
- Loss of critical knowledge due to key staff being absent through illness, self-isolation, or the need to protect a family member at home.
- Loss within supply chain resulting in difficulties fulfilling orders.
- Loss of orders if customers are affected by virus / situation
- Financial difficulties because of loss of orders or inability to fulfil orders
- Problems to infrastructure of company if many people supporting it are ill
- Loss of business confidence if unable to fulfil customer requirements.

Risk Level: Medium

Risk to maintaining data protection requirements or breach

Risk of security breach if illness results in data not being handled competently and with due diligence. Failure of data controllers to oversee and protect data and sensitive personal data as required.

Risk of claim, litigation, or prosecution

Risks of claim / legal action / prosecution if:

- Health and safety in workplace are compromised by key staff being absent due to pandemic.
- Agency / temporary workers unfamiliar with site and its risks have accident / injury.
- Management of workplace is insufficient to prevent extensive illness in workplace or illness resulting on death.

Level of Risk: Low

<u>Note:</u> For supporting information refer to 5 x 5 risk assessments(probability / severity) on file in health and safety managers office files.

Risk Assessment created by: CD Price

This issue created: 22/05/20

Education and awareness of top management

The company shall seek and refer to guidance issued by relevant authorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensure current and correct information is received, understood and appropriate actions planned and implemented. These authorities / sources of information shall include:

H.M. Government Guidance (COVID-19) - GOV.UK Coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS ACAS.Org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation

Information shall be obtained so that top management can specifically understand: The nature of the virus

Prevention / control methods for the virus

How the virus spreads

Unfolding information updates including:

The spread of the virus

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Top management shall implement Government / NHS / Public Health England guidance and compliance obligations into its strategic planning and the actions it formulates and implements.

Consultation with department managers and works safety representatives

The directors shall liaise and communicate with the company's department heads and workplace representatives to:

- (1) Ensure consultation is achieved with sufficient input to ensure decisions reached are as effective as possible.
- (2) Ensure control measures are understood and implemented as effectively as possible to achieve the company's intended outcomes.

Decision making by top management

Top management shall decide and implement on necessary controls with reference to best advice and guidance from relevant authorities with input from department managers and works representatives to create initiatives and control measures in the workplace. They shall also refer to business continuity and pandemic plan strategies to:

- (1) Gain a head start in the understanding of the nature of controls required to benefit the company, its employees, and stakeholders and
- (2) Protect the company's wider interests as far as finance, customer satisfaction / confidence and stakeholder relationships are concerned.

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Communicating the company's requirements and compliance obligations to all its stakeholders

The company shall decide with whom, how and what it communicates with its stakeholders in respect of the issues it has identified as relevant.

The company shall communicate with:

Company employees

Company staff and management

Company's customers

Company's supplier base

Service providers (contractors, service engineers, inspection / testing authorities)

Delivery / collection drivers

Utility service meter readers

The methods for communication may include:

Personal letter

Poster campaign / notices / signs & information issued to site

E-mail / telephone call

Conversation / provision of information on arrival for unexpected visitors on site.

What the company shall communicate may include:

Public Health England guidance to promote pandemic awareness

Other guidance promoting awareness (Gov.UK, NHS, or WHO)

New company requirements based on government or other guidance

Best practice for cleaners

Company's pandemic / business continuity planning

Government schemes announced (i.e. furloughing of employees)

Company communications on COVID-19 including:

Unpredictability of situation

Lockdown

Need to continue to supply transmission industry

Covering letter in case workers are stopped on their way to work

What to do if you feel unwell

Circumstances under which you should self-isolate

What you need to do if you are self-isolating

Social distancing in the workplace

Specific relating to annual pay, holidays, the job retention scheme, SSP. Overtime Good hygiene

Reporting shortcomings or failures in company's control measures or its protection of people in the workplace

Who is at higher risk and what the company will do if you are?

The company's pandemic procedures which include cleaning/handwashing/hygiene and social distancing

Government COVID-19 updates

Safe systems of work issued to workforce for social distancing, personal hygiene workstation / social distancing / maintenance and wearing PPE

Conditions of entry onto site for external service providers including social distancing, personal hygiene and permitted activities give locations.

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Specific risk presence of infected person(s) in workplace

- 1. Communicate nature of virus and symptoms to workforce with poster campaign
- 2. Department managers to communicate the need to <u>NOT</u> come into work if you feel unwell, believe yourself to have any of the symptoms of coronavirus, have a person in your household or believe yourself to have been in contact with anybody who is ill with coronavirus or has its symptoms. Persons who become ill on site should report this to their department head and go home.
- 3. Company management to communicate with key service providers and supplier likely to come on site to ensure that:
- All non-essential or non-emergency work by contractors is put on hold (purchasing director and department managers)
- Delivery / collection drivers maintain social distancing. (department managers & purchasing director) and are not allowed inside company premises.
- Non-urgent deliveries to be suspended as far as is possible (purchasing director)
- 4. Visits unsolicited shall not be allowed unless they serve a critical aspect or function of the business as decided by top management (departmental managers / top management) 5. Any person representing an external party that is permitted to be on site will be permitted to do so only if:
- They believe themselves free of the virus, or,
- Have recovered from it after a period of 7 days
- Abide by any special requirements which are decided by the company that reduce the risk of spreading the virus on site including those relating to hygiene, hand washing, and social distancing
- Have not been in contact within 14 days of someone they know to have or believe to have symptoms of coronavirus
 - (Departmental managers / anybody controlling site access)
- 6. Anybody believed / identified as being an unauthorised presence on site shall be immediate removed.

Risk of harm to persons falling into the at greater risk categories

The company shall immediately send home and furlough any employee who falls into any of the high-risk categories these include:

Level 1: People at very high risk

Persons who:

- Have had an organ transplant
- Are having chemotherapy, anti-body treatment or immunotherapy
- Are having intense radiotherapy
- Are having targeted cancer treatments
- Have blood / bone marrow cancer
- Are having a blood / bone marrow / stem cell transplant or have had such treatment within 6 months.
- Have a severe lung condition including severe asthma
- Have a condition that puts you at high risk (i.e. sickle cell)
- Are taking medicines that make you more susceptible to infections (i.e. high dose of steroids)

Such persons will have received a letter from the NHS confirming this status or should telephone their doctor if they have not received a letter.

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Level 2: People at high risk

Persons who:

- Are aged 70 or over
- Are pregnant
- Have a learning disability
- Have a lung condition that is not severe (asthma, bronchitis etc.)
- Have heart disease
- Have high blood pressure
- Have diabetes
- Have chronic kidney disease
- Have liver disease
- Have a brain or nerve condition
- Have a spleen removed or a spleen condition
- Have a condition that makes you susceptible to infection
- Are taking medicine (including steroids) that effect your immune system
- Are obese (a BMI of 40 or above)

Note: Any person who is not at high risk but living with a person who is may wish to self-isolate to protect such persons. Likewise, other persons may develop anxiety over the situation and may wish to stay at home as a result. In all these instances the company shall agree to such persons to self-isolate immediately and place these persons who have requested to absent themselves from the workplace on Statutory Sick Pay (SSP)

Risk of contaminated surfaces or coming into contact with them

- 1. The company shall initiate and maintain extra cleaning regimes for the duration of the pandemic on all its premises. It shall achieve this by:
- Appointing employees to form a cleaning team
- Train such persons in what to clean and the best practice for doing this
- How best to maintain their own personal protection and safety while doing these
 duties.
- Properties and uses of cleaning materials provided including what, where, how and how often to clean areas and surfaces.
- Issue, use and safe disposal of PPE
- What to do if becoming aware of any threat or a breach in the company's cleaning regime that needs to be corrected or controlled.
- 2. Appropriate and effective issue of hand sanitiser and soap in strategic locations in the workplace
- 3. issue of notices to washrooms and canteens about the importance of maintaining a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace.
- 4. Enforcing a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace by department managers and creation and issue of cleaning procedures
- 5. Communicating the need for all persons to report any failures or breakdown in site cleaning regimes or hygiene arrangements within the company to an appropriate manager.
- 6. The company shall provide suitable cleaning materials: including anti-bacterial spray and wipes and bleach to newly appointed cleaning teams and continue to supply them to the regular cleaners.
- 7. Absences in the cleansing teams must be reported to department managers so that manpower gaps are filled as a matter of utmost urgency so cleaning regimes and their effectiveness are not compromised.

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Further reducing the risk of the spread of infection in the workplace

4. Social distancing shall be affected in the workplace by:

- Communicating the 2-metre government requirement for social distancing in the workplace by the issue of notices in prominent / key locations and enforcing this knowledge by verbal communication to the workforce by department managers
- Marking of 2-metre distancing in common areas including those for clocking in / out.
- Department managers enforcing social distancing requirements whenever the notice failure of employees or other persons in the workplace to comply.
- Arranging for break times to be staggered to allow for social distancing in the
 washrooms, canteen and walkways in the premises, Clocking in or out of the factory
 shall be accomplished by maintaining social distancing and remaining vigilant.

2. Provision and use of PPE

Government guidance on the issue of PPE in the workplace at current time of this revision states wearing of PPE is only effective where the risk of infection is very high. The company has issued a safe system of work for persons who decide they wish to wear face coverings in the workplace, it is believed that the workplace provides adequate space to maintain social distancing.

Without the issue of PPE yet. Social distancing arrangements in (1) above including the staggering of break times is so far judged to be effective in reducing space or bring people together at the same time.

In the galvanizing plant manual handling operations may reduce social distancing to between 1.5 metres and 2 metres. Face visors are to be provided to reduce the risk of infection person to person in this instance.

3. Beverages and other shared activities

Activities such as making beverages for other employees and fetching or sharing newspapers or magazines at break times is prohibited and enforces by department managers.

Reducing the workforce on site to protect and safeguard it.

Where possible the company shall ask employees to work from home where existing links for this facility have already been created or it is desirable to establish new connections. The criteria for this are that the role can be performed at home with effectiveness at all levels.

Key workers may be required to be furloughed to protect the financial stability of the company or to ensure that if a key worker on site is taken ill or is absent from work a "protected" replacement can be asked to come into work for business continuity. Home working will be covered by a separate risk assessment.

Promoting good hygiene at all levels of the business at home as at work

Enforce knowledge and practice of the following actions:

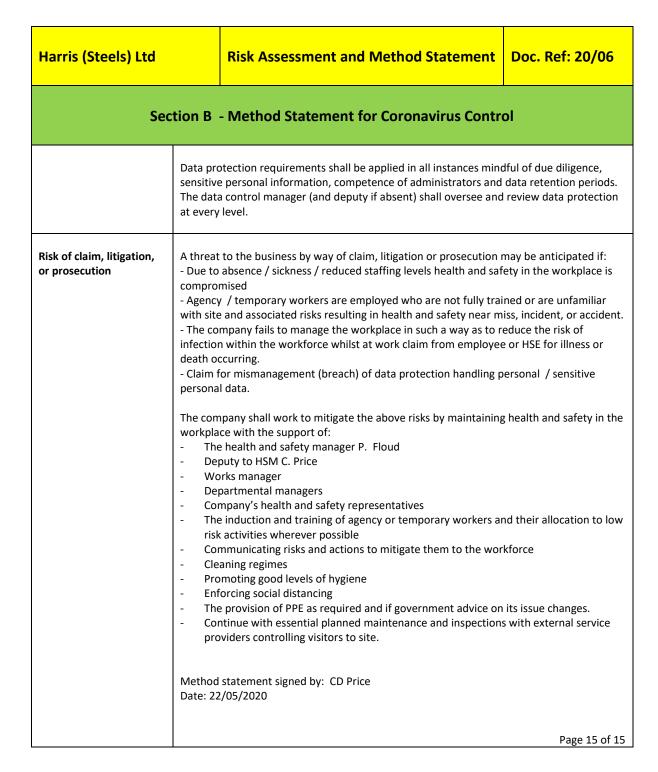
- (1) Clean hands frequently with soap and water for 20 seconds or by using hand sanitiser.
- (2) Cover your coughs and sneezes by covering your nose and mouth with a tissue. If you do not have one to hand sneeze into the crook of your elbow, not into your hand.
- (3) Use disposable tissues and throw these into a disposable rubbish bag then immediately wash your hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser.
- (4) Wash your hands when you get to work or arrive at home. Be mindful of touching any surface where the virus may be lying and may survive for some time. If in doubt wash or sanitise your hands.

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Harris (Steels) Ltd		Risk Assessment and Me	ethod Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/06
Se	ction B	- Method Statement for C	Coronavirus Contr	ol
Risk from stress	stress. Manage employe stress is Where e the pers directed return to The com of its wo Benefit i circumst The com from its	rs are mindful of the conditions an ees and are asked to speak to peop affecting co-worker. Employees remain at home the contons physical and mental wellbeing to national helplines and services to work shall be assessed for furthe apany has not undertaken third part orkforce and currently the effects of may be gained by signing up relevatances allow. In pany currently addresses the issue appointed HR consultant and actireted employees at a cost to the contone and are asked to the contone tred the contone and the contone are actived employees at a cost to the contone are asked to strength and actireted employees at a cost to the contone are asked to strength and actireted employees at a cost to the contone are asked to strength and actireted employees at a cost to the contone are asked to speak to people asked to people ask	d circumstances that make if they become award npany keeps in regular of the during a cations if required. The training for identifying the virus is preventing the persons to a certified a cof stress and trauma be upon referrals to quali	ay promote stress in e or concerned that contact enquiring as to ised the individual is the pandemic. Care on any and managing stress g it from doing so. It course when time and y seeking initial advice
Risk to business continuity	The com and revi Top mar planning To mitig summar Risk to k Loss of k Significa in key de	npany has existing business continuewed annually or as change occurs nagement and department manages and its implementation. ate the effects of critical situations ised as follows:	actions to mitigate Multi skilled work mentoring progra shared skills/addit on different compa Monitoring of dep re-allocate human Use of agency sta High stock levels t breaks. Purchase of good other suppliers to expectations. Pandemic respon	et of the company's med actions that may be erisk orce with shared skills force/group resources mmes to develop staff tional personnel working any premises. For the company premises to resources. Iff to manage production is from competitors/manage customer see plan Ability to manufacture
Data protection and GDPR (conducted at head office Newtown Street)	Compan during the Absence Reports Employed Departm Departm Furlough	y listings of employees and compa he pandemic: e / sickness amongst workforce from employees absent / sick / sel ee returns to work nental losses nental reports n arrangements		ghing scheme.

Covid-19 RIDDOR reporting (if necessary

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BB Price Limited		Risk Assessment and Method Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/07		
Section A Preliminary					
1. Nature of risk	Infected person(s) either employees or visitors to site – enters site causing: (1) Exposure of workforce and staff to Covid-19 virus in workplace. (2) Risk to health and life to workforce staff and other persons coming onto site. (3) Other health and safety risks to workforce, staff, and other persons on site by other failings resulting from change in workplace due to pandemic. (Breakdown of health and safety enforcement) (4) Risk to business continuity.				
2. Location	Unit 1 City Industrial Estate Cradley Heath B64 7EP				
3. Description of normal activities	Control of persons entering site. Office with administrative activities. Goods in / out, assembly, packaging, storage and despatch of steel. Consumables and waste throughout site. Contractors / service providers for logistics of deliveries and collections, maintenance of plant, equipment, and premises. Reporting of injuries, diseases, and dangerous occurrences (RIDDOR) near misses, accident, and incidents. Note: Where a worker has been diagnosed as having Covid-19 and there is reasonable evidence that this was caused by exposure at work, this must be reported as a case of disease and when a worker dies as a result of exposure to the virus.				
4. Specific hazards caused by risk	Vir ma All Illn De: Str. Hig Old Imi Per Leg info Areas th Reception Passage General Kitchen,	y into office us infection/contamination brought into office by companinagement, contractors / service providers, visitors, cleaned the above groups may bring Covid-19 to workplace. ess / infection of employees, visitors, and service provider ath of above persons. ess amongst employees. ther risk to certain groups of people i.e. der persons mune compromised persons rsons with pre-existing medical condition gal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protection. at can be affected on, staircase to first floor way, washrooms, ground floor office / reception area offices, sales office, fire escape staircase server room passageways ocial distancing is easily achieved except in passageways ar	rs, and delivery drivers. rs. ect all persons from		

Specific hazards of risk described

Other effects:

Illness / death amongst top management

Illness / death amongst visitors i.e.

Cleaners

Delivery drivers

Employees

Contractors & service providers

Damage to business continuity

Damage to reputation / business confidence

Litigation for failure to control virus exposure resulting in RIDDOR event

Level of risk:

Medium / High Risk
To persons in at risk categories listed on page one to effects of illness

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry drivers and maintenance engineers)

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional deliveries or performing occasional tasks (i.e. meter reading or inspections)

Specific hazards of risk described

General Risk Office: Low

(B) Works entrances, yard and forecourt / frontage

- Virus infection / contamination brought onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, delivery drivers and contractors / service providers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers etc. (persons described above)
- Death of persons described above
- Stress amongst employees
- Persons at higher risk / older persons, immune compromised persons, and persons with pre-existing medical conditions.
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Areas that can be affected

The yard is big enough to allow social distancing, however office and assembly bay entrances may be a hazard as people may try to pass through entrance door without knowing who is on the other side.

Specific hazards of risk described

Level of Risk:

<u>Medium / High Risk:</u> To persons in the "at risk categories" listed on page to effects of illness.

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry rivers and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk: Low

(C) Canteen, washrooms, locker room in warehouse & kitchen in office

- Virus infection / contamination brough onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers and drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers
- Death of persons at higher risk
- Stress amongst workforce
- Claim, litigation or prosecution for failing to take steps to prevent spread of infection.

Currently low risk with social distancing and reduced staff levels

Areas that can be affected:

All the areas described above are at risk because break times and daily routines / working hours bring people together at the same time. Enforcing social distancing of 2-metres is practised and monitored by management.

Other effects:

Sickness / temporary loss of cleaning staff with heightened risk to all persons. Quicker spread of virus / contamination.

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" as previously described.

<u>Medium Risk:</u> To persons at risk in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors i.e. cleaners, drivers, and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low to Medium

Specific hazards of risk described

(D) Warehouse

- Virus infection / contamination brought in onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers, drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers.
- Death of persons above
- Higher risk to certain groups of people as previously described.
- Legal actions and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Risk: Low

Areas that can be affected

Social distancing can be practised because all work stations allow at least a 2-metre area because of safe siting of machines. Risk: Low

The wearing of PPE (boots, overalls, gloves and safety glasses and ear protection is mandatory in this area. Operatives have been issued with a safe system of work (SSW). If requiring to wear face coverings whilst explaining their limited potential to offer protection and the safe methods to wear and use it. SSW have also been issued for social distancing and good hygiene. Work surfaces may be cleaned if different operatives use them.

Risk: Low

 $\label{lem:machines} \mbox{Machines are cleaned down daily although not specifically on control surfaces.}$

Other effects:

Risk of transmission if employees finish work together at break times and use the same walkways an outbreak of Covid-19 that becomes transmitted through the workplace would potentially close departments (i.e. forging and machinery) or the factory as a whole.

Specific hazards from risk described

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" levels 2 and 1

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily including regular visitors / engineers / drivers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. to read meters or perform inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low

5. Control of access to site

All employees and managers use a fob to register their entry and exit from site. There is no unauthorised access for employees to the offices whilst authorised operatives may access the photocopier, fax machine, toilets, and kitchen as required. Risk: Low

Visitors (for instance directors showing customers our site or sales representatives) use reception where their presence may be logged. **Risk: Low**

Directors normally move between sites as required. Risk: Medium without controls. Risk: Low with controls, visits limited to one director remaining outside or social distancing in large open areas.

Contractors report to the works office, or wait on the roadside frontage and are signed in and out after induction and / or briefing on what is required of them and specific hazards that may be encountered on the day.

Delivery drivers may use the works door if nobody is available in the yard to unload them and ask for assistance. Deliveries / collections shall be maintained to company's COVID procedures to limit contact. Risk: Low

Persons requiring taking meter readings are received at reception and escorted to the location of the meter or if familiar with the location to be accessed briefed and instructed on any relevant safety issue(s) relevant at that time. This shall be done maintaining social distancing at all times. Risk: Low

6.What areas of contact exist?

If uncontrolled access to site were to occur someone who may be feeling ill may gain entry thus running the risk of harmful contamination or infection on this site.

Level of Risk: Low

Areas of specific concern are:

- Staircases / narrow passageways and reception in office. (Low risk)
- All doors to office and assembly bay where entry is "blind" through a solid door. (Low risk)
- Works office where employees may walk in to speak to the managers or request assistance. (Low risk)
- Communal areas: Washrooms, canteen, locker room where people congregate at break times and start and end of day (Medium risk)
- Kitchen in office where hot drinks are made throughout day or the microwave is used to heat food (Medium risk)
- Gangways / walkways buildings and yards (Low risk)
- Yard where employees join at break times (Low risk)
- Company's delivery driver who travels between sites Risk: Medium.

Refer to separate risk assessment.

Level of Risk: Low to Medium Risk as itemised above

Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1. Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2. Page 5 of 15 Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

7. What are people doing in specific areas?

Office

Currently unoccupied but if move is facilitated during pandemic consideration shall be . . .

given to:

Use of equipment: Photocopier / printer / fax telephones PC's

Working at workstations
Use of toilets / wash facilities

Use of kitchen: Making drinks, heating food, washing up

Cleaning office (contract cleaners) Low Risk

Works office

Currently no equipped or in use

Recording information, time keeping system errors

Work progress

Control of documented information **Low Risk**

Canteen, washrooms, locker room

Use of toilets and washing facilities

Reading meters (water / gas)

Break time routines beverages / warming food

Purchase / consumption of snacks having a break

Putting on / removing overalls, use of lockers

Accessing tools, lubricants / substances, PPE, consumables Medium Risk

Warehouse

Laser cutting operation

Drilling machine operation

Automated work station, manufacturing operation

Storage of steel

Goods in / goods out operations

Use of forklift truck and cranes

Storage / removal of wastes Low Risk

Yard

Parking of vehicles

Storage of gas cylinders **Low Risk**

Delivery driver coming to yard / into building to be off-loaded Risk: Medium Control with social distancing

8. Who can be harmed?

High Risk Categories of people who are given as:

- Older persons
- Persons who are immunocompromised
- Persons with existing medical conditions

Added to this other persons may wish to remove themselves from work because they live with a person falling into the above categories and their continued presence at work would pose a risk to a partner / relative if they themselves became infected.

At medium risk there can be counted employees, members of staff, visitors, service providers, delivery / collection drivers, maintenance, and service engineers.

At low risk occasional admittance for very short periods of time i.e. persons reading meters or performing brief inspections.

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9. How can people be harmed?

A person who is infected coming on to site who spreads the virus to others by:

- Transmitting coronavirus person to person through small droplets from nose or mouth when an infected person coughs or exhales.
- Droplets landing on objects, surfaces being touched by other people, then touching their eyes, nose, or mouth.
- Breathing droplets from a person with coronavirus who coughs out or exhales droplets.

Risk Level: Medium

Stress may have harmful affects on all persons because of the pandemic. This may result from:

- Fear anxiety for oneself or a loved one
- Fear of infection and risk to health
- Infection of a relative / friend / partner
- Death of a relative / partner / friend
- Loss of earnings
- Underlying conditions or past illness

Its affects may promote in persons:

III Health

Absence from work

Inability to concentrate or live a normal life

Risk from stress

Risk level: Low

Lack of stress management training in workplace amongst directors and top management but company has used HR consultant independent stress counselling for its employees.

Risk of harm to management and all employees because of:

Anxiety over pandemic, workplace or loved ones

Stress from loss or earnings

Stress from illness

Stress from bereavement

Also, loss of staff during pandemic resulting in more pressure on remaining employees

Risk Level: Low

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Risk to business continuity

The pandemic may place critical stress on all aspects of the business including:

- Loss of staff to illness resulting in departments working at reduced capacity or forced to close.
- Loss of critical knowledge due to key staff being absent through illness, self-isolation, or the need to protect a family member at home.
- Loss within supply chain resulting in difficulties fulfilling orders.
- Loss of orders if customers are affected by virus / situation
- Financial difficulties because of loss of orders or inability to fulfil orders
- Problems to infrastructure of company if many people supporting it are ill
- Loss of business confidence if unable to fulfil customer requirements.

Risk Level: Medium

Risk to maintaining data protection requirements or breach

Risk of security breach if illness results in data not being handled competently and with due diligence. Failure of data controllers to oversee and protect data and sensitive personal data as required.

Risk of claim, litigation, or prosecution

Risks of claim / legal action / prosecution if:

- Health and safety in workplace are compromised by key staff being absent due to pandemic.
- Agency / temporary workers unfamiliar with site and its risks have accident / injury.
- Management of workplace is insufficient to prevent extensive illness in workplace or illness resulting on death.

Level of Risk: Low

<u>Note:</u> For supporting information refer to 5×5 risk assessments (probability / severity) on file in Health & Safety managers' file

Risk Assessment created by: CD Price This version: created: 22/5/2020

Education and awareness of top management

The company shall seek and refer to guidance issued by relevant authorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensure current and correct information is received, understood and appropriate actions planned and implemented. These authorities / sources of information shall include:

H.M. Government Guidance (COVID-19) - GOV.UK Coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS ACAS.Org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation

Information shall be obtained so that top management can specifically understand: The nature of the virus

Prevention / control methods for the virus

How the virus spreads

Unfolding information updates including:

The spread of the virus

Government / NHS / Public Health England revision of instructions or information updates. Government requirements and compliance obligations

Top management shall implement Government / NHS / Public Health England guidance and compliance obligations into its strategic planning and the actions it formulates and implements.

Consultation with department managers and works safety representatives

The directors shall liaise and communicate with the company's department heads and workplace representatives to:

- (1) Ensure consultation is achieved with sufficient input to ensure decisions reached are as effective as possible.
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- (2) Protect the company's wider interests as far as finance, customer satisfaction / confidence and stakeholder relationships are concerned.

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The methods for communication may include:

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What the company shall communicate may include:

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Government schemes announced (i.e. furloughing of employees)

Company communications on COVID-19 including:

Unpredictability of situation

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Need to continue to supply transmission industry

Covering letter in case workers are stopped on their way to work

What to do if you feel unwell

Circumstances under which you should self isolate

What you need to do if you are self isolating

Social distancing in the workplace

Specific relating to annual pay, holidays, the job retention scheme, SSP. Overtime Good hygiene

Reporting shortcomings or failures in company's control measures or its protection of people in the workplace

Who is at higher risk and what the company will do if you are

The company's pandemic procedures which shall include cleaning / hand washing / $\,$

hygiene and social distancing and personal hygiene

Government COVD-19 updates

Safe systems of work, social distancing, personal hygiene workstations/PPE conditions of entry to site for external providers

Personal hygiene and permitted activities at given locations.

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Specific risk presence of infected person(s) in workplace

- 1. Communicate nature of virus and symptoms to workforce with poster campaign
- 2. Department managers to communicate the need to <u>NOT</u> come into work if you feel unwell, believe yourself to have any of the symptoms of coronavirus, have a person in your household or believe yourself to have been in contact with anybody who is ill with coronavirus or has its symptoms. Persons who become ill on site should report this to their department head and go home.
- 3. Company management to communicate with key service providers and supplier likely to come on site to ensure that:
- All non-essential or non-emergency work by contractors is put on hold (purchasing director and department managers)
- Delivery / collection drivers maintain social distancing. (department managers & purchasing director) and are not allowed inside company premises.
- Non-urgent deliveries to be suspended as far as is possible (purchasing director)
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- They believe themselves free of the virus, or,
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- Abide by any special requirements which are decided by the company that reduce the risk of spreading the virus on site including those relating to hygiene, hand washing, and social distancing
- Have not been in contact within 14 days of someone they know to have or believe to have symptoms of coronavirus
 - (Departmental managers / anybody controlling site access)
- 6. Anybody believed / identified as being an unauthorised presence on site shall be immediate removed.

Risk of harm to persons falling into the at greater risk categories

The company shall immediately send home and furlough any employee who falls into any of the high risk categories these include:

Level 1: People at very high risk

Persons who:

- Have had an organ transplant
- Are having chemotherapy, anti body treatment or immunotherapy
- Are having intense radiotherapy
- Are having targeted cancer treatments
- Have blood / bone marrow cancer
- Are having a blood / bone marrow / stem cell transplant or have had such treatment within 6 months.
- Have a severe lung condition including severe asthma
- Have a condition that puts you at high risk (i.e. sickle cell)
- Are taking medicines that make you more susceptible to infections (i.e. high dose of steroids)

Such persons will have received a letter from the NHS confirming this status or should telephone their doctor if they have not received a letter.

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Level 2: People at high risk

Persons who:

- Are aged 70 or over
- Are pregnant
- Have a learning disability
- Have a lung condition that is not severe (asthma, bronchitis etc.)
- Have heart disease
- Have high blood pressure
- Have diabetes
- Have chronic kidney disease
- Have liver disease
- Have a brain or nerve condition
- Have a spleen removed or a spleen condition
- Have a condition that makes you susceptible to infection
- Are taking medicine (including steroids) that effect your immune system
- Are obese (a BMI of 40 or above)

Note: Any person who is not at high risk but living with a person who is may wish to self-isolate to protect such persons. Likewise other persons may develop anxiety over the situation and may wish to stay at home as a result. In all these instances the company shall agree to such persons to self-isolate immediately and place these persons who have requested to absent themselves from the workplace on Statutory Sick Pay (SSP)

Risk of contaminated surfaces or coming into contact with them

- 1. The company shall initiate and maintain extra cleaning regimes for the duration of the pandemic on all of its premises. It shall achieve this by:
- Appointing employees to form a cleaning team
- Train such persons in what to clean and the best practice for doing this
- How best to maintain their own personal protection and safety while doing these
 duties.
- Properties and uses of cleaning materials provided including what, where, how and how often to clean areas and surfaces.
- Issue, use and safe disposal of PPE
- What to do if becoming aware of any threat or a breach in the company's cleaning regime that needs to be corrected or controlled.
- 2. Appropriate and effective issue of hand sanitiser and soap in strategic locations in the work place
- 3. issue of notices to washrooms and canteens about the importance of maintaining a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace.
- 4. Enforcing a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace by department managers.
- 5. Communicating the need for all persons to report any failures or breakdown in site cleaning regimes or hygiene arrangements within the company to an appropriate manager.
- 6. The company shall provide suitable cleaning materials: including anti-bacterial spray and wipes and bleach to newly appointed cleaning teams and also continue to supply them to the regular cleaners.
- 7. Absences in the cleansing teams must be reported to department managers so that manpower gaps are filled as a matter of utmost urgency so cleaning regimes and their effectiveness are not compromised.

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Further reducing the risk of the spread of infection in the workplace

1.Social distancing shall be affected in the workplace by:

- Communicating the 2 metre government requirement for social distancing in the workplace by the issue of notices in prominent / key locations and enforcing this knowledge by verbal communication to the workforce by department managers
- Marking a 2-metre social distancing in common areas including those for clocking in / out
- Department managers enforcing social distancing requirements whenever the notice failure of employees or other persons in the workplace to comply.
- Arranging for break times to be staggered to allow for social distancing in the
 washrooms, canteen passageways and walkways in the premises, Clocking in or out of
 the factory shall be accomplished by maintaining social distancing and remaining
 vigilant.

2. Provision and use of PPE

Government guidance on the issue of PPE in the workplace currently states PPE offers very little protection except where the risk of infection is very high. The company has issued a safe system of work for persons wishing to wear face coverings in the workplace, it is believed that the workplace provides adequate space to maintain social distancing. Without the issue of PPE yet. Social distancing arrangements in (1) above including the staggering of break times is so far judged to be effective in reducing space or bring people together at the same time.

In the galvanizing plant manual handling operations may reduce social distancing to between 1.5 metres and 2 metres. Face visors are to be provided to reduce the risk of infection person to person in this instance.

3. Beverages and other shared activities

Activities such as making beverages for other employees and fetching or sharing newspapers or magazines at break times is prohibited and enforces by department managers.

Reducing the workforce on site to protect and safe guard it.

Where possible the company shall ask employees to work from home where existing links for this facility have already been created or it is desirable to establish new connections. The criteria for this is that the role can be performed at home with effectiveness at all levels.

Key workers may be required to be furloughed to protect the financial stability of the company or to ensure that if a key worker on site is taken ill or is absent from work a "protected" replacement can be asked to come into work for business continuity. Home working will be covered by a separate risk assessment.

Promoting good hygiene at all levels of the business at home as at work

Enforce knowledge and practice of the following actions:

- (1) Clean hands frequently with soap and water for 20 seconds or by using hand sanitiser.
- (2) Cover your coughs and sneezes by covering your nose and mouth with a tissue. If you do not have one to hand sneeze into the crook of your elbow, not into your hand.
- (3) Use disposable tissues and throw these into a disposable rubbish bag then immediately wash your hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser.
- (4) Wash your hands when you get to work or arrive at home. Be mindful of touching any surface where the virus may be lying and may survive for some time. If in doubt wash or sanitise your hands.

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Risk from stress

People respond to stress in different ways and at different levels from mild to debilitating stress.

Managers are mindful of the conditions and circumstances that may promote stress in employees and are asked to speak to people if they become aware or concerned that stress is affecting co-worker.

Where employees remain at home the company shall periodically enquire as to the physical and mental well being. Where concerns are identified the company shall refer individual to government services of help / national helplines and on their return to work they shall be assessed for further actions if required.

The company has not undertaken third party training for identifying and managing stress of its workforce and currently the affects of the virus is preventing it from doing so. Benefit may be gained by signing up relevant persons to a certified course when time and circumstances allow.

The company currently addresses the issue of stress and trauma by seeking initial advice from its appointed HR consultant and actin upon referrals to qualified counselling services for affected employees at a cost to the company

Risk to business continuity

The company has existing business continuity and pandemic response planning established and reviewed annually or as change occurs.

Top management and department managers are trained in respect of the company's planning and its implementation.

Company listings of employees and company data held shall be extended to monitor

To mitigate the effects of critical situations the company has planned actions that may be summarised as follows:

Risk to business

Loss of key skills to illness Significant temporary loss of workforce in key departments

Actions to mitigate risk

Multi skilled workforce with shared skills

- multi skilled workforce/group resources
- mentoring programmes to develop staff
- shared skills/additional personnel working on different company premises.
- Monitoring of departmental losses to re-allocate human resources.
- Use of agency staff
- High stock levels to manage production breaks
- Purchase of goods from competitors/ other suppliers to manage customer expectations.
- Pandemic response plan

Large stocks held. Ability to manufacture in-house or find alternatively sourced supplies.

Business continuity plan

Reduced order book

Supply chain failure

Government furloughing scheme.

Data protection and GDPR (conducted at head

office Newtown Street)

during the pandemic: Absence / sickness amongst workforce

Reports from employees absent / sick / self isolating

Employee returns to work Departmental losses Departmental reports Furlough arrangements SSP arrangements

Covid-19 RIDDOR reporting (if necessary

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Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1. Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2 Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

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BB Price Limited		Risk Assessment and Method Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/08		
		Section A Preliminary			
1. Nature of risk	Infected person(s) either employees or visitors to site – enters site causing: (1) Exposure of workforce and staff to Covid-19 virus in workplace. (2) Risk to health and life to workforce staff and other persons coming onto site. (3) Other health and safety risks to workforce, staff, and other persons on site by other failings resulting from change in workplace due to pandemic. (Breakdown of health and safety enforcement) (4) Risk to business continuity.				
2. Location	Profab L Unit 1 W Cradley	estminster Trading Estate			
3. Description of normal activities	assembl site. Cor of plant, occurrer Note: W evidence	of persons entering site. Office with administrative activiticy, packaging, storage, and despatch of steel. Consumable: htractors / service providers for logistics of deliveries and consequipment, and premises. Reporting of injuries, diseases, naces (RIDDOR) near misses, accident, and incidents. There a worker has been diagnosed as having Covid-19 and the this was caused by exposure at work, this must be and when a worker dies as a result of exposure to the virtual description.	s and waste throughout collections, maintenance and dangerous and there is reasonable reported as a case of		
4. Specific hazards caused by risk	Virima All Illin Dea Stro Hig Old Imr Per Leg info Areas th Receptic Sales an Kitchene First floor	y into office us infection/contamination brought into office by company nagement, contractors / service providers, visitors, cleane the above groups may bring Covid-19 to workplace. ess / infection of employees, visitors, and service provider ath of above persons. ess amongst employees. her risk to certain groups of people i.e. ler persons mune compromised persons esons with pre-existing medical condition cal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to prote ection. att can be affected on, passageway, and stairs d general offices, director's office ette or passageways and toilets d cleaners cupboard	rs, and delivery drivers. rs.		

Specific hazards of risk described

Other effects:

Illness / death amongst top management

Illness / death amongst visitors i.e.

Cleaners

Delivery drivers

Employees

Contractors & service providers

Damage to business continuity

Damage to reputation / business confidence

Litigation for failure to control virus exposure resulting in RIDDOR event

Level of risk:

Medium / High Risk
To persons in at risk categories listed on page one to effects of illness

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry drivers and maintenance engineers)

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional deliveries or performing occasional tasks (i.e. meter reading or inspections)

Specific hazards of risk described

General Risk Office: Low

(B) Works entrance and yard

- Virus infection / contamination brought onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, delivery drivers and contractors / service providers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers etc. (persons described above)
- Death of persons described above
- Stress amongst employees
- Persons at higher risk / older persons, immune compromised persons, and persons with pre-existing medical conditions.
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Areas that can be affected

The yard is big enough to allow social distancing, however office and assembly bay entrances may be a hazard as people may try to pass through entrance door without knowing who is on the other side.

Specific hazards of risk described

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" listed on page to effects of illness.

<u>Medium Risk</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors (i.e. cleaners, lorry rivers and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk: Low

(C) Canteen and washrooms

- Virus infection / contamination brough onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers and drivers
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers
- Death of persons at higher risk
- Stress amongst workforce
- Legal action and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons on site

Currently low risk with social distancing measures and reduced staffing levels

Areas that can be affected:

All the areas described above are at risk because break times and daily routines / working hours bring people together at the same time. Enforcing social distancing of 2 metres is practised and monitored by management.

Other effects:

Sickness / temporary loss of cleaning staff with heightened risk to all persons. Quicker spread of virus / contamination.

Level of Risk:

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" as previously described.

<u>Medium Risk:</u> To persons at risk in other categories who are present daily i.e. managers, employees, and less frequent regular visitors i.e. cleaners, drivers, and maintenance engineers.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons making occasional visits i.e. delivery drivers or those performing meter readings / inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low to Medium

Specific hazards of risk described

(D) Workshop, works stores, quality room

- Virus infection / contamination brought in onto premises by company employees, top management, visitors, contractors / service providers, drivers.
- Illness / infection of employees, visitors, service providers.
- Death of persons above
- Higher risk to certain groups of people as previously described.
- Legal actions and prosecution for negligence or failure to protect all persons.

Risk: Low

Areas that can be affected

Social distancing can be practised because all workstations allow at least a 2-metre area because of safe siting of machines. Risk: Low

The storage area is generally only accessed occasionally for tools and chemicals and oils and is big enough for social distancing, with traffic and authorised entry limited. Risk: Low

The gangways are generally wide enough to easily exercise social distancing but care must be taken in a few areas because of convergence or width. **Risk: Low**

The quality room is seldom used and generally only by one person but is sufficiently large enough for two persons to be present and exercise social distancing. **Risk: Low**

The wearing of PPE (boots, overalls, gloves and safety glasses and ear protection) is mandatory in this area. Operatives have been issued with safe systems of work (SSW's) for wearing PPE. If they require to wear face masks although cautioned as to its effectiveness and how to maintain safety. Also, SSW have been issued for social distancing and good hygiene. Work surfaces of machinery cleaned when different operatives use equipment.

Machines are cleaned down daily although not specifically on control surfaces.

Risk: Low

Specific hazards from risk described

Other effects:

Risk of transmission if employees finish work together at break times and use the same walkways an outbreak of Covid-19 that becomes transmitted through the workplace would potentially close departments (i.e. office and factory) or the workplace as a whole, because many employees have been furloughed and social distancing is being maintained at all times of the day.

Level of Risk: Low

Medium / High Risk: To persons in the "at risk categories" Levels 2 and 1.

<u>Low Risk:</u> To persons in other categories who are present daily including regular visitors / engineers / drivers.

Low Risk: To persons making occasional visits i.e. to read meters or perform inspections.

General Risk in Area: Low

5. Control of access to site

All employees and managers use a fob to register their entry and exit from site. There is no unauthorised access for employees to the offices whilst authorised operatives may access the photocopier, fax machine, toilets, and kitchen as required.

Risk: Low

Visitors (for instance directors showing customers our site or sales representatives) use reception where their presence may be logged.

Risk: Low

Directors normally move between sites as required, <u>Risk: Medium</u> if controlled. Movements now limited to one director or other directors who may conduct social distancing meeting outside. <u>Risk: Low</u>

Contractors report to the works office or wait on the roadside frontage and are signed in and out after induction and / or briefing on what is required of them and specific hazards that may be encountered on the day.

Delivery drivers may use the works door if nobody is available in the yard to unload them and ask for assistance. Deliveries / collections shall be managed using the company's COVID measures to limit contact with drivers who shall always be asked to remain in their cars where possible and social distance . Risk: Low

Persons requiring taking meter readings are received at reception and escorted to the location of the meter or if familiar with the location to be accessed briefed and instructed on any relevant safety issue(s) relevant at that time. This can be dome maintaining social distancing especially if the meter reader is familiar with site. Risk: Low

If uncontrolled access to site were to occur someone who may be feeling ill may gain entry thus running the risk of harmful contamination or infection on this site.

Level of Risk: Low

6. What areas of contact exist?

Areas of specific concern are:

- Staircases / narrow passageways and reception in office. (Low risk)
- Doors to warehouse where entry is "blind" through a solid door. (Low risk)
- Communal areas: Washrooms, canteen, locker room where people congregate at break times and start and end of day (Medium risk)
- Kitchenette in office where hot drinks are made throughout day or the microwave is used to heat food (Medium risk)
- Gangways / walkways buildings and yards (Low risk)
- Yard where employees join at break times (Low risk)
- Company's delivery driver who travels to other sites / companies Risk: Medium (refer to separate risk assessment for delivery driver and goods in / out)

Level of Risk: Low to Medium Risk as itemised above

7. What are people doing in specific areas?

Office

Use of equipment: Photocopier / printer / fax telephones PC's

Working at workstations
Use of toilets / wash facilities

Use of kitchen: Making drinks, heating food, washing up

Cleaning office (contract cleaners) Low Risk

Canteen and washrooms

Use of toilets and washing facilities
Reading meters (water / gas)
Break time routines beverages / warming food
Purchase / consumption of snacks having a break
Putting on / removing overalls, use of lockers

Accessing tools, lubricants / substances, PPE, consumables Medium Risk

Workshop, stores, and quality room

Hot forging of steel goods

Turning/screwing/machining/bending/forming steel goods

Storage of tools, stocks, chemicals/oils

Tool making

Use of forklift truck

Storage / removal of wastes Low Risk

Yard

Storage of oil and waste oil

Loading / unloading raw materials, part finished goods, wastes and scrap metal Receipt of tools, consumables, and other supplies Low Risk

<u>Delivery driver leaving site</u> Taking lorry out to other companies delivering / receiving goods and paperwork. <u>Risk: Medium</u> control with social distancing.

8. Who can be harmed?

High Risk Categories of people who are given as:

- Older persons
- Persons who are immunocompromised
- Persons with existing medical conditions

Added to this other persons may wish to remove themselves from work because they live with a person falling into the above categories and their continued presence at work would pose a risk to a partner / relative if they themselves became infected.

At medium risk there can be counted employees, members of staff, visitors, service providers, delivery / collection drivers, maintenance, and service engineers.

At low risk occasional admittance for very short periods of time i.e. persons reading meters or performing brief inspections.

BB Price Limited

Risk Assessment and Method Statement

Doc. Ref: 20/08

Section A Preliminary

9. How can people be harmed?

A person who is infected coming on to site who spreads the virus to others by:

- Transmitting coronavirus person to person through small droplets from nose or mouth when an infected person coughs or exhales.
- Droplets landing on objects, surfaces being touched by other people, then touching their eyes, nose, or mouth.
- Breathing droplets from a person with coronavirus who coughs out or exhales droplets.

Risk Level: Medium

Stress may have harmful effects on all persons because of the pandemic. This may result from:

- Fear anxiety for oneself or a loved one
- Fear of infection and risk to health
- Infection of a relative / friend / partner
- Death of a relative / partner / friend
- Loss of earnings
- Underlying conditions or past illness

Its affects may promote in persons:

III Health

Absence from work

Inability to concentrate or live a normal life

Risk level: Low

Risk from stress

Lack of stress management training in workplace amongst directors and top management but company has used HR consultant independent stress counselling for its employees.

Risk of harm to management and all employees because of:

Anxiety over pandemic, workplace or loved ones

Stress from loss or earnings

Stress from illness

Stress from bereavement

Also, loss of staff during pandemic resulting in more pressure on remaining employees

Risk Level: Low

Document created 16.03.20. Document updated 24.03.20. Revision No. 1. Updated 22.05.20 Revision 2. Document prepared by Christopher Price. Document approved by Paul Floud. Position H & S Manager

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Risk to business continuity

The pandemic may place critical stress on all aspects of the business including:

- Loss of staff to illness resulting in departments working at reduced capacity or forced to close
- Loss of critical knowledge due to key staff being absent through illness, self-isolation, or the need to protect a family member at home.
- Loss within supply chain resulting in difficulties fulfilling orders.
- Loss of orders if customers are affected by virus / situation
- Financial difficulties because of loss of orders or inability to fulfil orders
- Problems to infrastructure of company if many people supporting it are ill
- Loss of business confidence if unable to fulfil customer requirements.

Risk Level: Medium

Risk to maintaining data protection requirements or breach

Risk of security breach if illness results in data not being handled competently and with due diligence. Failure of data controllers to oversee and protect data and sensitive personal data as required.

Risk of claim, litigation, or prosecution

Risks of claim / legal action / prosecution if:

- Health and safety in workplace are compromised by key staff being absent due to pandemic.
- Agency / temporary workers unfamiliar with site and its risks have accident / injury.
- Management of workplace is insufficient to prevent extensive illness in workplace or illness resulting on death.

Level of Risk: Low

Note: For supporting information refer to 5 x 5 risk assessments (probability / severity) on file in Health and Safety managers' files.

Risk Assessment created by: CD Price This version created: 22/5/2020

Education and awareness of top management

The company shall seek and refer to guidance issued by relevant authorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensure current and correct information is received, understood and appropriate actions planned and implemented. These authorities / sources of information shall include:

H.M. Government Guidance (COVID-19) - GOV.UK Coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS ACAS.Org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation

Information shall be obtained so that top management can specifically understand: The nature of the virus

Prevention / control methods for the virus

How the virus spreads

Unfolding information updates including:

The spread of the virus

Government / NHS / Public Health England revision of instructions or information updates. Government requirements and compliance obligations

Top management shall implement Government / NHS / Public Health England guidance and compliance obligations into its strategic planning and the actions it formulates and implements.

Consultation with department managers and works safety representatives

The directors shall liaise and communicate with the company's department heads and workplace representatives to:

- (1) Ensure consultation is achieved with sufficient input to ensure decisions reached are as effective as possible.
- (2) Ensure control measures are understood and implemented as effectively as possible to achieve the company's intended outcomes.

Decision making by top management

Top management shall decide and implement on necessary controls with reference to best advice and guidance from relevant authorities with input from department managers and works representatives to create initiatives and control measures in the workplace. They shall also refer to business continuity and pandemic plan strategies to:

- (1) Gain a head start in the understanding of the nature of controls required to benefit the company, its employees, and stakeholders and
- (2) Protect the company's wider interests as far as finance, customer satisfaction / confidence and stakeholder relationships are concerned.

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Communicating the company's requirements and compliance obligations to all its stakeholders

The company shall decide with whom, how and what it communicates with its stakeholders in respect of the issues it has identified as relevant.

The company shall communicate with:

Company employees

Company staff and management

Company's customers

Company's supplier base

Service providers (contractors, service engineers, inspection / testing authorities)

Delivery / collection drivers

Utility service meter readers

The methods for communication may include:

Personal letter

Poster campaign / notices / signs & information issued to site

E-mail / telephone call

Conversation / provision of information on arrival for unexpected visitors on site.

What the company shall communicate may include:

Public Health England guidance to promote pandemic awareness

Other guidance promoting awareness (Gov.UK, NHS, or WHO)

New company requirements based on government or other guidance

Best practice for cleaners

Company's pandemic / business continuity planning

Government schemes announced (i.e. furloughing of employees)

Company communications on COVID-19 including:

Unpredictability of situation

Lockdown

Need to continue to supply transmission industry

Covering letter in case workers are stopped on their way to work

What to do if you feel unwell

Circumstances under which you should self-isolate

What you need to do if you are self-isolating

Social distancing in the workplace

Specific relating to annual pay, holidays, the job retention scheme, SSP. Overtime Good hygiene

Reporting shortcomings or failures in company's control measures or its protection of people in the workplace

Who is at higher risk and what the company will do if you are?

The company's pandemic procedures which include cleaning/handwashing/hygiene and social distancing

Government COVID-19 updates

Safe systems of work issued to workforce for social distancing, personal hygiene workstation / social distancing / maintenance and wearing PPE

Conditions of entry onto site for external service providers including social distancing, personal hygiene and permitted activities give locations.

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Specific risk presence of infected person(s) in workplace

- 1. Communicate nature of virus and symptoms to workforce with poster campaign
- 2. Department managers to communicate the need to <u>NOT</u> come into work if you feel unwell, believe yourself to have any of the symptoms of coronavirus, have a person in your household or believe yourself to have been in contact with anybody who is ill with coronavirus or has its symptoms. Persons who become ill on site should report this to their department head and go home.
- 3. Company management to communicate with key service providers and supplier likely to come on site to ensure that:
- All non-essential or non-emergency work by contractors is put on hold (purchasing director and department managers)
- Delivery / collection drivers maintain social distancing. (department managers & purchasing director) and are not allowed inside company premises.
- Non-urgent deliveries to be suspended as far as is possible (purchasing director)
- 4. Visits unsolicited shall not be allowed unless they serve a critical aspect or function of the business as decided by top management (departmental managers / top management) 5. Any person representing an external party that is permitted to be on site will be permitted to do so only if:
- They believe themselves free of the virus, or,
- Have recovered from it after a period of 7 days
- Abide by any special requirements which are decided by the company that reduce the risk of spreading the virus on site including those relating to hygiene, hand washing, and social distancing
- Have not been in contact within 14 days of someone they know to have or believe to have symptoms of coronavirus
 - (Departmental managers / anybody controlling site access)
- 6. Anybody believed / identified as being an unauthorised presence on site shall be immediate removed.

Risk of harm to persons falling into the at greater risk categories

The company shall immediately send home and furlough any employee who falls into any of the high-risk categories these include:

Level 1: People at very high risk

Persons who:

- Have had an organ transplant
- Are having chemotherapy, anti-body treatment or immunotherapy
- Are having intense radiotherapy
- Are having targeted cancer treatments
- Have blood / bone marrow cancer
- Are having a blood / bone marrow / stem cell transplant or have had such treatment within 6 months.
- Have a severe lung condition including severe asthma
- Have a condition that puts you at high risk (i.e. sickle cell)
- Are taking medicines that make you more susceptible to infections (i.e. high dose of steroids)

Such persons will have received a letter from the NHS confirming this status or should telephone their doctor if they have not received a letter.

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Level 2: People at high risk

Persons who:

- Are aged 70 or over
- Are pregnant
- Have a learning disability
- Have a lung condition that is not severe (asthma, bronchitis etc.)
- Have heart disease
- Have high blood pressure
- Have diabetes
- Have chronic kidney disease
- Have liver disease
- Have a brain or nerve condition
- Have a spleen removed or a spleen condition
- Have a condition that makes you susceptible to infection
- Are taking medicine (including steroids) that effect your immune system
- Are obese (a BMI of 40 or above)

Note: Any person who is not at high risk but living with a person who is may wish to self-isolate to protect such persons. Likewise, other persons may develop anxiety over the situation and may wish to stay at home as a result. In all these instances the company shall agree to such persons to self-isolate immediately and place these persons who have requested to absent themselves from the workplace on Statutory Sick Pay (SSP)

Risk of contaminated surfaces or coming into contact with them

- 1. The company shall initiate and maintain extra cleaning regimes for the duration of the pandemic on all its premises. It shall achieve this by:
- Appointing employees to form a cleaning team
- Train such persons in what to clean and the best practice for doing this
- How best to maintain their own personal protection and safety while doing these
- Properties and uses of cleaning materials provided including what, where, how and how often to clean areas and surfaces.
- Issue, use and safe disposal of PPE
- What to do if becoming aware of any threat or a breach in the company's cleaning regime that needs to be corrected or controlled.
- 2. Appropriate and effective issue of hand sanitiser and soap in strategic locations in the workplace
- 3. issue of notices to washrooms and canteens about the importance of maintaining a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace.
- 4. Enforcing a good level of cleanliness and personal hygiene in the workplace by department managers and creation and issue of cleaning procedures
- 5. Communicating the need for all persons to report any failures or breakdown in site cleaning regimes or hygiene arrangements within the company to an appropriate manager.
- 6. The company shall provide suitable cleaning materials: including anti-bacterial spray and wipes and bleach to newly appointed cleaning teams and continue to supply them to the regular cleaners.
- 7. Absences in the cleansing teams must be reported to department managers so that manpower gaps are filled as a matter of utmost urgency so cleaning regimes and their effectiveness are not compromised.

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Further reducing the risk of the spread of infection in the workplace

4. Social distancing shall be affected in the workplace by:

- Communicating the 2-metre government requirement for social distancing in the workplace by the issue of notices in prominent / key locations and enforcing this knowledge by verbal communication to the workforce by department managers
- Marking of 2-metre distancing in common areas including those for clocking in / out.
- Department managers enforcing social distancing requirements whenever the notice failure of employees or other persons in the workplace to comply.
- Arranging for break times to be staggered to allow for social distancing in the
 washrooms, canteen and walkways in the premises, Clocking in or out of the factory
 shall be accomplished by maintaining social distancing and remaining vigilant.

2. Provision and use of PPE

Government guidance on the issue of PPE in the workplace at current time of this revision states wearing of PPE is only effective where the risk of infection is very high. The company has issued a safe system of work for persons who decide they wish to wear face coverings in the workplace, it is believed that the workplace provides adequate space to maintain social distancing.

Without the issue of PPE yet. Social distancing arrangements in (1) above including the staggering of break times is so far judged to be effective in reducing space or bring people together at the same time.

In the galvanizing plant manual handling operations may reduce social distancing to between 1.5 metres and 2 metres. Face visors are to be provided to reduce the risk of infection person to person in this instance.

3. Beverages and other shared activities

Activities such as making beverages for other employees and fetching or sharing newspapers or magazines at break times is prohibited and enforces by department managers.

Reducing the workforce on site to protect and safeguard it.

Where possible the company shall ask employees to work from home where existing links for this facility have already been created or it is desirable to establish new connections. The criteria for this are that the role can be performed at home with effectiveness at all levels.

Key workers may be required to be furloughed to protect the financial stability of the company or to ensure that if a key worker on site is taken ill or is absent from work a "protected" replacement can be asked to come into work for business continuity. Home working will be covered by a separate risk assessment.

Promoting good hygiene at all levels of the business at home as at work

Enforce knowledge and practice of the following actions:

- (1) Clean hands frequently with soap and water for 20 seconds or by using hand sanitiser.
- (2) Cover your coughs and sneezes by covering your nose and mouth with a tissue. If you do not have one to hand sneeze into the crook of your elbow, not into your hand.
- (3) Use disposable tissues and throw these into a disposable rubbish bag then immediately wash your hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser.
- (4) Wash your hands when you get to work or arrive at home. Be mindful of touching any surface where the virus may be lying and may survive for some time. If in doubt wash or sanitise your hands.

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BB Price Limited		Risk Assessment and Mo	ethod Statement	Doc. Ref: 20/08
S	ection B	- Method Statement for (Coronavirus Contr	ol
Risk from stress	People respond to stress in different ways and at different levels from mild to debilit stress. Managers are mindful of the conditions and circumstances that may promote stress employees and are asked to speak to people if they become aware or concerned that stress is affecting co-worker. Where employees remain at home the company keeps in regular contact enquiring at the persons physical and mental wellbeing. When concerns are raised the individual directed to national helplines and services of help available during the pandemic. Car return to work shall be assessed for further actions if required. The company has not undertaken third party training for identifying and managing stof its workforce and currently the effects of the virus is preventing it from doing so. Benefit may be gained by signing up relevant persons to a certified course when time circumstances allow. The company currently addresses the issue of stress and trauma by seeking initial ad from its appointed HR consultant and actin upon referrals to qualified counselling se for affected employees at a cost to the company			
Risk to business continuity	and revi Top mai planning To mitig summar <u>Risk to I</u> Loss of I Significa	appany has existing business continuewed annually or as change occur. In agement and department managing and its implementation. It is at the effects of critical situations is as follows: Business Seey skills to illness Int temporary loss of workforce departments	s. ers are trained in respect s the company has plann Actions to mitigate Multi skilled workforund in skilled	t of the company's sed actions that may be risk orce with shared skills force/group resources mmes to develop staff ional personnel working premises. artmental losses to resources. If o manage production as from competitors/manage customer
		hain failure I order book	 Pandemic response Large stocks held. A in-house or find alto supplies. Business continuity Government furlou 	ability to manufacture ernatively sourced

Data protection and GDPR (conducted at head office Newtown Street)

Company listings of employees and company data held shall be extended to monitor during the pandemic:

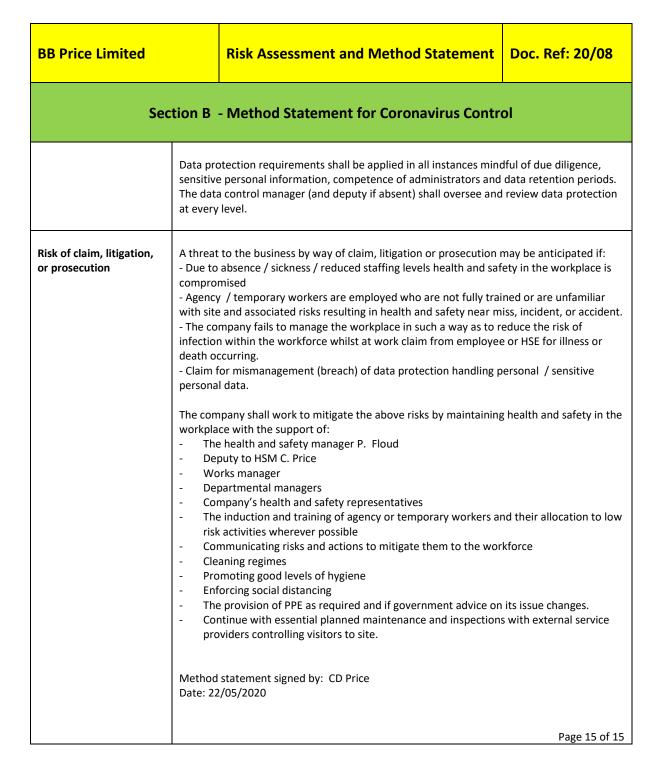
Absence / sickness amongst workforce

Reports from employees absent / sick / self-isolating

Employee returns to work Departmental losses Departmental reports Furlough arrangements SSP arrangements

Covid-19 RIDDOR reporting (if necessary

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BB Price Limited Risk Assessmen	nt and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/09			
SECTION A - PRELIMINARY					
1. Nature of Risk	(1) COVID-19 infected member of spreading infection to co-workers distancing cannot be guaranteed removing work from the zinc bath (2) Illness of person or persons wi (3) Risk to continuity of process	because 2 metre social in all instances while n.			
2. Location:	Newtown Street (galvanizing plant) Cradley Heath B64 5LB				
3. Description of normal activities	During galvanizing one member of a team of three will maintain and fill the zinc bath with material to be galvanized whilst the second and third team members withdraw items from the bath with clamps which are to be brushed and boshed or just passes into the water bosh to finish them. Wor pieces are then removed from the bath and laid on a conveyo which drops the galvanized workpiece onto an open stillage.				
4. Specific hazards caused by risk	Where shorter work pieces are gas are to be taken from the zinc bath guarantee 2 metre social distancing tasks: One team member drawing of tasks: Brushing of threaded rods. Placing workpiece onto water of the w	n, it is not always possible to any while performing these but item from bath with tongs ring rear of work piece with or bosh. osh onto conveyor. d below 2 metres (to around sk of one team member who it on to his co-worker is anizing plant infected persons move to locker room, canteen)			

BB Price Limited	Risk Assessm	nent and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/09		
SECTION A - PRELIMINARY					
5. Control of access to	building	Only authorised persons have ent namely: Galvanizing team (3 or 4 pers) Forklift truck driver, bringing plant (1 person) Maintenance team if work is persons) Works managers (1 person) Directors if required to speak Contractors (electricians) if end (max 2 persons) Access for contractors is controlled under usual or special COVID-19, actions on site are strictly controlled. Maintaining social distancing Cleaning, hand washing and had been controlled to the control of	ons currently) work to or from galvanizing required in building (2 to team (1 person) mergency work required d using the visitors book, conditions of entry, their led with emphasis on: hygiene		
6. What areas of contact exist?		drawing them from zinc bath. Any shared tools used in these op (1) Tools can be cleaned regularly Tools are handled using gloves. Ri (2) Work is not handled working for Working side by side is possible for (3) A safe system of work for work	Any shared tools used in these operations (1) Tools can be cleaned regularly. Risk: Low Tools are handled using gloves. Risk: Low (2) Work is not handled working face to face Working side by side is possible for same operations (3) A safe system of work for working in the galvanizing plane has been created ad issued to galvanizing plant workers		
7. What are people do areas. Risk relates to COVID-		 Receiving material from elsevents Slinging material and lowering prepare the material for galvate in the second drip off workpieces into drip of the second dri	g it into the acid bath to anizing. Risk: Low bath allowing surplus acid to tray bunds. Risk: Low inc bath to dry . Risk: Low booking in the zinc bath and k: Low e with clamps and drawing it		

BB Price Limited	Risk Assessme	nt and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 2020/02
	SEC	TION A - PRELIMINARY	
7. What are people doing in specific areas. Risk relates to COVID-19		 Brushing any threaded areas of workpiece in contact with wire brushes (2 people) Risk: Medium Running bar under work to remove any surplus zinc drips (2 people or 3 people) Risk: Medium Lowering work into water bosh to cool and set zinc (2 people) Risk: Medium. Removing work from water bosh putting on a conveyor to stack it on a stillage. Risk: Medium Removal of stillage from galvanizing plant with fork lift truck Risk: Low Operation of extraction system, acid bath and zinc bath with daily routines as applicable (i.e. switching on/off, covering / uncovering zinc bath) Risk: Low Drossing of zinc bath once a week to remove zinc dross and sweeping up to remove hard zinc drips and dust from floors. Risk: Low if caution exercised to maintain social distancing. 	
8. Who can be harme	ed:	There is nobody currently employ who falls into category 1 or category groups. Neither are any other per company, including its directors, wat work who fall into these at risk. There is one electrical contractor risk category as he is aged over 70 called into work in the galvanizing work is required. In this instance land he would be instructed as to distancing. Cleaning and personal Risk: Low Galvanizing plant workers sharing trucks where infection could be p cleaning procedures in place. Galvanizing plant workers conductions	ory 2 very high or high risk sons employed by the who are currently remaining categories. who falls into the at higher who could conceivably be glant, if urgent maintenance his entry would be controlled the company's social hygiene requirements. gequipment including fork lift assed on. Risk: Low with

distancing is reduced below 2 metres. Risk: Medium.

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BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/09		
SECTION A - PRELIMINARY					
9. How can people be	e harmed?	 Virus infection passed on through: Using/touching shared equipment, t Working where social distancing can metres or above. Risk: Medium This occurs by droplet infection, person to surfaces or breathing in droplets from 	nnot be maintained at 2 to person, droplets landing		
10. Risk from stress		 There is a risk to all the workforce of harm through stress because Anxiety over the pandemic, work place or loved ones Stress over loss of earnings Stress from illness Stress from bereavement Stress because of loss of staff or co-workers resulting in add pressure on the individual The management of the company have not undertaken formal s management training but maintains regular contact with employ on site or currently away from site and uses works representative professional HR consultant and independent stress counselling femployees. Risk: Low 			
11.Risk to process bu continuity	siness	The pandemic may place critical stress o including its galvanizing operations. This Loss to illness in department forcing (this risk may be mitigated as other work of working in / operating the galvanizing An accident occurs if replacement st or experienced. For all but brush galvanized work it is pot to Edward Howell Galvanizers. Threaded work may be hand finished by down to clear surplus zinc but this is not alternative for anything other than small	could occur if there is: it to close. kers on site have experience plant) caff are not properly trained ssible to sub-contract work running a threading die effective or efficient as an		
12. Risk of claim litiga prosecution	ation or	Risk of claim/legal action/prosecution of health and safety is compromised by infection in workplace resulting in: illness of employees / death of employees Failing to maintain social distancing or appropriate health safety controls to reduce threat posed by virus. Accident in workplace through using different workers will insufficient experience or training. Level of risk: Low			
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BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/09		
SEC	SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL				
Education & guidance of top management		The company shall seek and refer to guidauthorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensinformation is received, understood and and implemented. References include: HM Government COVID-19 updates (COVID-19) NHS ACAS.org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation	sure current and correct appropriate actions planned VID-19 Gov-UK)		
		Top management shall implement guidance issued from the organisations listed above and their associated compliance obligations into its strategic planning and the actions it formulates and implements.			
Consultation with department managers and works safety representatives		The directors shall liaise and communicate with the company's department heads and working representatives to: (1) Ensure consultation is achieved with sufficient input to ensure decisions reached are as effective as possible and (2) Ensure control measures are understood and implemented to achieve the company's intended outcomes.			
Decision making by top management		Top management shall decide and imple safe systems of work acting upon guidan / organisations and in consultation with the They shall refer also to existing business planning to: (1) Gain a head start in understanding the and (2) Protect the company's employees and	ce from relevant authorities workforce. continuity and pandemic e nature of controls required		
Communicating the company's requirements and compliance obligations to stakeholders		The company shall communicate to the rewithin the galvanizing plant. Risk assessment Method statement Control measures Safe systems of work Procedures for cleaning, handwashing distancing.			
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BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/09		
SEC	SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL				
Specific risks through presence of infected persons in galvanizing plant		Refer to risk assessment doc ref 20/04 for specific measures communicated to workforce at Newtown street, which include: Communicating of mature of virus. What to do if you are unwell Management of access to site. Persons who believe they have contracted the virus. Infection of co-workers may be controlled with: Cleaning shared equipment / tools / surfaces Maintaining distancing of 2 metres where possible Frequent cleaning, handwashing and personal hygiene exercised with procedures to instruct and provide effective controls in workplace.			
Risk to persons at hig	gher risk	Persons at very high risk (as described by government as level level 2 persons at risk) do not work in the galvanizing plant cur Any contractors falling into these categories who wish to gain to site to perform essential maintenance shall be controlled w terms of entry, especially those relating to cleaning, handwash social distancing.			
Risk through contam surfaces or coming in with them		The company shall initiate and maintain the duration of the pandemic. It shall act Appointing a cleaning team Train persons in what to clean and t Advising how best to maintain person performing other duties. Properties and uses of cleaning math What to do if noticing a breach of the regimes or the absence of someone Use of hand sanitiser Enforcing a good level of cleanliness Provision of cleaning materials as an	hieve this by: he best practice to do this onal protection while erials he company's cleaning responsible for cleaning.		
Further reducing the spread of infection in workplace		 Social distancing shall be affected by: Communicating the 2 metre require the workplace. Department manager(s) shall enforce possible and monitoring the situation possible Staggering break times and start/enday with consultation with employe Where 2 metre social distancing is not it. (do not work face to face work sides) 	te social distancing where it is on where it is not always d times during the working es not possible how to mitigate		

BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/09			
SEC	SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL					
Further reducing the risk of the spread of infection in the workplace		Provision of PPE Government guidance on the issue of PPE state that it is only effective where there is a high chance of infection. The company has issued a safe system of work to protect persons in the galvanizing plant who prefer to wear a face mask Shared activities Activities such as making beverages for other employees and fetching and sharing of newspapers at break times is prohibited.				
Promoting good hygiene at all levels of the business at work and at home		 The company shall enforce knowledge and practice of: The need to clean hands frequently with soap and water and for 20 seconds or by using hand sanitiser. Covering coughs and sneezes by covering your nose and mouth with a tissue, or by doing so into your elbow not your hand if you have no tissue to hand. Using of disposable tissues and throwing these away immediately after use and washing you hands or using hand sanitiser immediately afterwards. Washing hands on arrival at work and when you get home. Being mindful of you touching any surface where the virus may be lying or has laid there for some time. If in doubt wash or sanitise hands and clean surface if possible. 				
Understanding and using the COVID-19 safe system of work for the galvanizing plant and the general issue SSW		A safe system of work specific to the galvissued (and signed for on receipt) to main galvanizing process, the measures emplo 1. Maintaining social distancing where pot 2. As much as possible avoiding face to fa 3. During working hours do not make skin workers.	ntain safety during the yed shall be: ossible. ace contact.			

BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/09		
SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL					
Understanding and using the COVID-19 safe system of work for the galvanizing plant and the general issue SSW		 Where it is not possible to maintain 2 metres social distancing for example when drawing some work from the galvanizing bath, further actions should be observed. These are: 4. Keep activity time to as short as possible 5. Use fixed team partnering so that each person works with the same one or others only. 6. Increase frequency of hand washing and surface cleaning. 7. Stop non-essential persons from entering the area. 8. Clean any shared equipment after use. 9. The government do not consider that PPE offers an effective way of managing COVID-19 except where the risk of transmission is very high. Face coverings are not required by law if you want to wear a face mask you need to refer to the safe systems of work issued to you about wearing a face covering including its measures to: Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use sanitizer before putting your mask or removing it Avoid touching your face coverings if it becomes damp or you touch it. Continue to wash hands regularly. Change face masks daily. Carefully dispose of your mask in usual waste bins Practise social distancing wherever possible. 			
Risk from stress		People respond to stress in different ways and at different levels mild to debilitating stress. Managers should be mindful of conditions and circumstances the may promotes stress in employees and are asked to speak to perif they become aware or concerned that stress is affecting a coworker. The company has not undertaken third party training for identifying and managing stress and currently the pandemic presus from doing so. The company does however address the issues stress and trauma by seeking initial advice from its appointed HF consultant and acts upon referrals to qualified counselling services.			
Risk to business conti	nuity	for affected employees at a cost to the company has existing business continuous planning established and reviewed annuation management are trained in respect and its implementation: Risk to business Loss of team member to virus Significant temporary loss to team	nuity and pandemic response ally or as change occurs.		
			response.		

BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/09		
SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL					
Risk to business continuity		Risk to business	Actions to mitigate risk		
			 Use of subcontracted galvanizing services Substantial stocking of finished gods. Purchase of goods from other suppliers/competitors. Pandemic response Plan Business continuity plan 		
Risk of claim, litigation prosecution	n or	A threat to business by way of claim, litiganticipated if: - illness/death transmission of virus occu-accident occurs if persons substitute of familiar or experience in the process of gethe company fails to manage the works health and safety is compromised. The company shall work to mitigate the health and safety in the workplace with the health and safety in the workplace with the works / department heads Works / department heads Company's health and safety works Communicating risks and controls to the company's health and safety works Cleaning regimes Promoting good levels of hygiene Enforcing social distancing where positive sufficient safe systems of work in its continuing of essential maintenance Proper induction and training of other replace a sick worker.	ars in workplace whers in a team who are less galvanizing place in such a way that above risks by maintaining the support of: deputy representatives. o galvanizing team assible to wear it supported by suse.		

BB Price Limited	Risk Assessmer	nt and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/10		
SECTION A - PRELIMINARY					
1. Nature of Risk		(1) Member of maintenance team (M Davies or J Old contracts COVID-19 into the workplace or whilst action behalf of company.			
		(2) Member of maintenance team or person(s) on other company sit	-		
2. Location:		The maintenance team may opera premises.	ate on all company / group		
3. Description of norr	nal activities	The maintenance team perform rebuilding tasks which may include: Purchasing of supplier from between company Attending to groundwork / be Maintaining buildings in good Effecting improvements to prand safety of energy / resoure Repair of damage on sites Maintaining drainage of sites Minor building woks and imp	puilders' merchants premises oundaries of all sites d condition roperties to maintain health rce efficiency.		
4. Specific hazards ca	used by risk	 Illness / death of team members Spread of infection to co-work Risk: Low Failure to maintain 2-metre sequire both persons to work instance, holding / supporting or put in place, lifting of mater weight dictate this. Risk: Medels Failure to maintain social disters same vehicle. Risk: Medium 	kers on different / all sites ocial distancing where tasks together in proximity. For g an object that is to be fixed erials or tools here size or dium.		
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BB Price Limited	Risk Assessmer	Doc Ref: 20/10		
	SECT	ION A - PRELIMINARY		
5. Access to multiple sites		Wherever possible work should be limited to that which is essential only. Travelling between sites discouraged wherever possible attention should be paid prior to visiting different sites to ascertain any particular requirements or preventative measures that need to be observed.		
		Cleaning regimes, handwashing, p distancing from co-workers are to reasonably practicable.		
6. What areas of con	tact exist?	Contact may occur where:		
		 Team members travel together in or share vehicles Team members must move specific materials, tools, or equipment together because of size/weight and where social distancing of 2-metres cannot be maintained Team members cannot maintain 2-metre social distancing while fixing / undertaking /supporting work together. 		
		Risk: <u>Mediu</u> m		
7. What is the team doing in specific areas.		Off-Site Travelling to order, collect and transport materials or tools. On company premises All manner of building tasks broadly described in (3) description of normal activities.		
8. Who can be harmed		Team members who may infect external team members infecting co -work at which they have been called to	kers on one or multiple sites	
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BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/10			
SECTION A - PRELIMINARY						
9. How can people be	e harmed?	One infected person spreading the virus Transmitting coronavirus person to infection. Droplets landing on surfaces which a receiving the virus. Breathing droplets from a person with the second se	person through droplet are touched by another thus			

BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/10		
SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL					
Education & awareness		Top management seek and refer to guidance issued by relevant authorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensure current and correct information is received, understood and appropriate actions are planned and implemented. These authorities shall include: HM Government Coronavirus (COVID-19) NHS ACAS.org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation Top management shall implement guidance issued from such sources to formulate the company's strategic planning and meet its compliance obligations.			
Consultation with the maintenance team	2	Directors/health and safety managers sh maintenance team to ensure that: (1) Consultation is received with sufficier reached are as effective as possible and (2) Ensure control measures are understore effectively as possible to achieve the con	nt input to ensure decisions ood and implemented as		
Decision making by to management	ор	Top management shall decide and imple reference to relevant authorities and in a maintenance team.			
Communicating the corequirements to the steam		The company shall communicate to the r Risk assessment Method statement Control measures Safe systems of work Procedures for cleaning, handwashin distancing.			
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BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/10	
SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL				
Specific risk by infected member of team		Refer to risk assessment 20/07 (Unit 1) Communicating the nature of virus. What to do if you are unwell Access to sites Persons who believe they have cont Infection of co-workers may be controlle Cleaning shared equipment / tools / Maintaining distancing of 2 metres with procedures to instruct and prowworkplace.	rracted the virus. ed with: ' surfaces where possible d personal hygiene exercised	
Risk through contami surfaces or coming in with them		 The company shall initiate and maintain the duration of the pandemic. It shall act Educating the team about the neces cleaning. Providing them with suitable cleaning on their application, properties, and Advising how to maintain personal patasks. Maintaining a high level of cleanline Use of hand sanitiser 	hieve this by: sity and importance of ng materials and knowledge l use. protection whilst performing	
Further reducing the spread of infection in workplace		 Social distancing shall be affected by: Communicating the 2-metre require the workplace. Understanding where it is not reaso 2 metre social distancing measures reduce risk. That is Do not work face to face Work back o back or side to side Increase handwashing and surface clea Limit or reduce the activity time Consider if the task can be performed in Do not perform the task, if it can be deleted on so. 	nably practicable to maintain that may be employed to ning intervals	

	T			
BB Price Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/10	
SEC	CTION B – MET	HOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS	CONTROL	
Further reducing the risk of the spread of infection in the workplace		Provision of PPE Government guidance on the issue of PPE state that it is only effective where there is a high chance of infection. The company has issued a safe system of work to protect persons in the galvanizing plant who prefer to wear a face mask Shared activities Activities such as making beverages for other employees and fetching and sharing of newspapers at break times is prohibited.		
Promoting good hygiene at all levels of the business at work and at home Understanding and using the COVID-19 safe systems of work issued to all employees and the specific issue to the maintenance team		 The company shall enforce knowledge and practice of: The need to clean hands frequently with soap and water and for 20 seconds or by using hand sanitiser. Covering coughs and sneezes by covering your nose and mouth with a tissue, or by doing so into your elbow not your hand if you have no tissue to hand. Using of disposable tissues and throwing these away immediately after use and washing your hands or using hand sanitiser immediately afterwards. Washing hands on arrival at work and when you get home. Being mindful of you touching any surface where the virus may be lying or has laid there for some time. If in doubt wash or sanitise hands and clean surface if possible. 		
		Current issues applicable to the maintenance plant are: Social distancing and personal hygiene SSW No. 008 Managing workstations/social distancing SSW No. 009 General maintenance team/social distancing/hygiene/Use of PPE The maintenance team SSW states: 1. Wherever possible you need to maintain at least 2-metres between you and your colleagues or other contractors. 2. As much as possible avoiding face to face contact. 3. During working hours do not make skin contact with fellow workers.		

BB Price Limited

Risk Assessment and Method Statement

Doc Ref: 20/10

SECTION B - METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL

Understanding and using the COVID-19 safe system of work issued to all employees and the specific issue to the maintenance team

Where it is not possible to maintain 2 metres social distancing for example when supporting an item so another can secure it in place, further actions should be observed. These are:

- 4. Increase frequency of handwashing
- 5. Increase frequency of surface cleaning.
- 6. Clean any shared equipment after use.
- 7. Reduce activity time to as short as possible.
- 8. use fixed team partnering so that each person works with the same one or others.
- 9. Stop non-essential workers entering the work area.
- 10. Work back to back or side to side rather than face to face.
- 11. The government does not consider PPE offers an effective way of managing COVID-19 except where the risk of infection is very high. Face coverings are not required by law but if you wish to wear a face mask you need to follow the SSW for PPE/face masks you will need to:
- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitizer before putting o or removing a mask.
- Avoid touching your face mask as it could contaminate it with germs from your hands.
- Continue to wash hands regularly.
- Change face mask if it becomes damp or if you touch it
- Change mask daily
- Carefully dispose of your mask in usual waste bins
- Practice social distancing wherever possible.

Be alert if visiting builders' merchants or other hire / supply companies

Always be mindful of hygiene if attending suppliers to obtain materials or tools and equipment.

Travel with sanitiser and wipes to protect yourself if entering suppliers yards / offices/trade counters and when paying receiving and having goods remember packaging may contain the virus. You should sanitise your hands after handling packaging, it should also be disposed of in such a way as others do not come into contact with it, by putting it immediately in the appropriate waste or recycling bin.

Method statement signed by: CD Price

Date: 26.05.2020

1. Nature of Risk (1) Drivers employed by company contracts COVID-19 whils performing his normal activities. (2) Driver spreads COVID-19 to co-workers n the site at which is based, with other sites within the group or at external parties i.e. customers or suppliers. 2. Location: The group operate vehicles as follows: HGV lorry and flat bed transit at BB Price Ltd Newtown HGV lorries at Harris (Steels) Ltd 3. Description of normal activities Driver arrives at work Driver takes out pre-loaded vehicle and relevant paperwork to other sites within group or to customers suppliers or Driver waits for instructions as to where to collect or deliver sometimes waiting for lorry to be loaded Drivers arrive on site and unload/load as required exchanging relevant paperwork with co-operation of workers on site Drivers arrive on site and unload/load as required exchanging relevant paperwork with co-operation of workers on site Drivers may have to stop to the scheduled breaks and/use welfare facilities. Vehicles are returned to base and where possible loade for the following days first drop(s) including relevant paperwork. 4. Specific hazards Arrival at work, co-workers all arriving together Risk: Low Entering cab which may not have been cleaned from previous day or could have been used by another drive Risk: Low with controls in place Risk: Wedium if no controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons tenable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls place. Risk: Medium without controls in place Use of welfare facilities at base at other sites Risk: Low with controls in place or by following guidance n sites,	BB Price Limited & Harris (Steels) Limited	Risk Assessmer	Doc Ref: 20/11				
performing his normal activities. (2) Driver spreads COVID-19 to co-workers n the site at whin he is based, with other sites within the group or at external parties i.e. customers or suppliers. 2. Location: The group operate vehicles as follows: HGV lorry and flat bed transit at BB Price Ltd Newtown HGV lorries at Harris (Steels) Ltd Driver arrives at work Driver takes out pre-loaded vehicle and relevant paperwork to other sites within group or to customers suppliers or Driver waits for instructions as to where to collect or deliver sometimes waiting for lorry to be loaded Drivers arrive on site and unload/load as required exchanging relevant paperwork with co-operation of workers on site Drivers may have to stop to the scheduled breaks and/use welfare facilities. Vehicles are returned to base and where possible loade for the following days first drop(s) including relevant paperwork. 4. Specific hazards Arrival at work, co-workers all arriving together Risk: Low in the controls in place Risk: Low with controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons to enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons to enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons to enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons to enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons to enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons to enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls in place Use of welfare facilities at base at other sites Risk: Low with controls in place or by following guidance n sites,	SECTION A - PRELIMINARY						
HGV lorry and flat bed transit at BB Price Ltd Newtown HGV lorries at Harris (Steels) Ltd Driver arrives at work Driver takes out pre-loaded vehicle and relevant paperwork to other sites within group or to customers suppliers or Driver waits for instructions as to where to collect or deliver sometimes waiting for lorry to be loaded Drivers arrive on site and unload/load as required exchanging relevant paperwork with co-operation of workers on site Drivers may have to stop to the scheduled breaks and/use welfare facilities. Vehicles are returned to base and where possible loade for the following days first drop(s) including relevant paperwork. 4. Specific hazards - Arrival at work, co-workers all arriving together Risk: Low Entering cab which may not have been cleaned from previous day or could have been used by another drive Risk: Low with controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons the enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls place. Risk: Medium without controls in place. Use of welfare facilities at base at other sites Risk: Low with controls in place or by following guidance n sites,	1. Nature of Risk		performing his normal activities. (2) Driver spreads COVID-19 to cohe is based, with other sites within	o-workers n the site at which in the group or at external			
Driver takes out pre-loaded vehicle and relevant paperwork to other sites within group or to customers suppliers or Driver waits for instructions as to where to collect or deliver sometimes waiting for lorry to be loaded Drivers arrive on site and unload/load as required exchanging relevant paperwork with co-operation of workers on site Drivers may have to stop to the scheduled breaks and/use welfare facilities. Vehicles are returned to base and where possible loade for the following days first drop(s) including relevant paperwork. 4. Specific hazards Arrival at work, co-workers all arriving together Risk: Loe Entering cab which may not have been cleaned from previous day or could have been used by another drive Risk: Low with controls in place Risk: Low with controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons the enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls in place. Use of welfare facilities at base at other sites Risk: Low with controls in place. Use of welfare facilities at base at other sites Risk: Low with controls in place.	2. Location:		HGV lorry and flat bed transit	t at BB Price Ltd Newtown St			
 Entering cab which may not have been cleaned from previous day or could have been used by another drive Risk: Low with controls in place Risk: Medium if no controls in place Arrival at destination - interaction with other persons to enable vehicle to unload / load. Risk: Low with controls place. Risk: Medium without controls in place. Use of welfare facilities at base at other sites Risk: Low with controls in place or by following guidance n sites, 	3. Description of norm	mal activities	 Driver takes out pre-loaded very paperwork to other sites with suppliers or Driver waits for instructions a deliver sometimes waiting fo Drivers arrive on site and unleast exchanging relevant paperworkers on site Drivers may have to stop to the use welfare facilities. Vehicles are returned to base for the following days first drivers. 	es to where to collect or r lorry to be loaded oad/load as required ork with co-operation of the scheduled breaks and/or e and where possible loaded			
otherwise Risk: Medium .	4. Specific hazards		 Entering cab which may not he previous day or could have be Risk: Low with controls in plantisk: Medium if no controls in Arrival at destination - interaction in the enable vehicle to unload / load place. Risk: Medium without Use of welfare facilities at bar 	nave been cleaned from een used by another driver. ace n place action with other persons to ad. Risk: Low with controls in controls in place. se at other sites Risk: Low			

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& Harris (Steels)	Risk Assessment and Method Statement			Doc Ref: 20/11		
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	SECTION A - PRELIMINARY					
5. Controls and access to sites		necessary areas, that is yards, warehouses, and welfare facilities under the control of procedures appertaining on site and those in place for COVID-19 Risk: Low Contact is kept to a minimum that is regular driver / person loading or unloading as much as possible. Risk: Low Drivers and persons loading /unloading are made aware to maintain social distancing of 2-metres as far as possible. Company drivers attending other sites are bound by rules or procedures in place at their destination. These may reflect minimising social contact, remaining in vehicles and access to welfare facilities in accordance with COVID-19 and entry procedures. Risk: Low where controls are in place where drivers recognise that procedures are not in place and due diligence is not exercised, they should exercise caution take extra protective measures by extra cleaning and / or hand				
washing / sanitising. But should not place themselves at r				ot place themselves at risk.		
C Milestanas of cont			k: Medium without controls.			
6. What areas of cont		•	The driver's vehicle both external parties' premises Risk: Low with clear including on-going cleaning the Risk if no controls are in place is used by more than one driv with another to assist him. At depot where co-workers a At other group destination Ri At external parties' premises Risk: Medium with poor or not protect or secure loads) Risk: guarantee cleanliness Paperwork or documents exc. Risk: Medium	s) or interior surfaces or hing regimes in place, proughout the day. Medium e. Medium Risk if the vehicle ver or if the drivers travel re working Low Risk sk: Low with controls. Co controls. ehicles (i.e. sheets or ties to Medium as cannot hanged between parties.		
7. What is the team of	doing in specific	•	Loading / unloading vehicles			
areas.		•	Loading /unloading vehicles vehicles of risk dependent on controls ether working in yards to load / unif social distancing can be made Moving around site, taking brownk Low Risk if social distant Accessing the bed of vehicles driver / co-worker performs. Deform task without to add the control of the cont	utside group Low or medium xercised (see pages 1 & 2). load other vehicles Low Risk intained eaks, arriving for, or leaving cing is maintained. to load / unload Low Risk if Medium Risk if unknown		
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SECTION A - PRELIMINARY						
8. Who can be harmed	d?	 Driver. Low Risk Co-worker on vehicle Medium Risk hardly ever happens, if this is required to perform a task it should be reviewed to see if it is safe to perform this task at all Company employees on other sites Low Risk Other parties at external company's risk dependent on level of controls in place and ability of driver to social distance 				
9. How can people be	harmed?	 Coming into contact with surfaces to droplets containing virus. Transmission person to person throes Breathing droplets exhaled or coug coronavirus. Other examples: Accessing shared vehicles Vehicles touched or contaminated Accessing tools or equipment infect Accessing contaminated document Not maintaining social distancing Not being able to maintain handware personal hygiene during working da Having to access welfare facilities or is present. Risk assessment created by C D Price This issue created: 27.05.2020 	bugh droplet infection. hed by a person with by infected person ted by persons s by packaging shing, sanitising, good ay resulting in infection.			

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SEC	SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL					
Education & awareness of top management		The company shall seek and refer to guidance issued by relevant authorities in respect of COVID-19 to ensure correct information is received, understood and appropriate planned actions are implemented. The authorities / sources of information shall include: HM Government COVID-19 guidance and daily updates Coronavirus (COVID-19) NHS ACAS.org.UK Public Health England World Health Organisation Top management shall implement guidance and compliance obligations into strategic planning and the actions it formulates and implements.				
Consultation with dri	vers	The input of company drivers and workp representatives is necessary to: (1) Ensure sufficient input is made to en effective as possible. (2) Ensure control measures are unders effectively as possible to achieve the outcomes.	nsure decisions made are as tood and implemented as			
Decision making by to management	ор	Top management shall decide and imple reference to best sources of guidance an members of the workforce. Reference will be made to existing emery continuity planning and pandemic response.	d the input from relevant gency planning i.e. business			
Reducing the risk of c the virus in the work	_	Where company employees are likely to same time, or where maintaining social or problematic during the working day department should maintain on-going wavailable to reduce risk or mitigate adversible. Staggered start/finish times Staggered break times Reduced number of persons working. Schedule times for loading /unloading to avoid overcrowding. Picking goods ahead of collection/loginteraction of drivers. Limiting job and location visits to decrease in the same time.	distancing of 2-metres is artment heads and top vigilance. Control measures are elements shall include: g ng/collections and deliveries ading of vehicles to avoid			
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BB Price Limited & Harris(Steels) Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/11		
SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL					
Avoiding two-person delivery Deliveries and collections		Consider if two-person delivery is unavoidable if it cannot be done safely it should not be done at all. Where the risks are manageable to allow two persons to travel together the controls necessary shall include: Put clear signage in vehicles to maintain social distancing Side by side or back to back not face to face Use a fixed pairing system as to limit possible exposure and transmission Make sure vehicles are ventilated and increase air flow by opening windows. Increase regular cleaning of vehicles particularly where they may be shared. Avoid rush hours or times where crowds may gather i.e. break times or start/finish times. Have single persons load/unload vehicles consistently Avoid unnecessary contact at gate houses, yards, or warehouses Pre-book delivery slots where possible to avoid unnecessary contact or delays. Maximise the use of technology to avoid exchange of paperwork. Can documents be forwarded electronically if so arrange to do so with customers / suppliers Enable access to welfare facilities consistent with COVID-19 guidance so visits are controlled and any requirements or conditions of entry are observed.			
Manage contact		 Reduce interaction by scheduling voverlap of people. Consider and use where possible to information. 	where possible to avoid		
		 Where possible drop papers or good locations to avoid transmission. Maintain records of visitors where 			

BB Price Limited & Harris (Steels)	Risk Asses	ssment and Method	l Statement	Doc Ref: 20/11		
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SECTION B – METHOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS CONTROL						
Providing guidance	to minimise intera travelling to and u • Refresh driver's av distancing, cleanir • Include information	or collection and on action and reduce in Inloading / loading wareness of safe sing and handwashing on in vehicles to rechat are put in place	delivery to different locations the number of persons goods to a minimum. ystems of work and social			
Cleaning vehicles		equipment stower more often if there been contaminate. Clean objects/surf touched i.e. door radios, sat navs, o Make sure there a wipes, and rubbis! Drivers should be boarding their vehicles to e delivery.	d on them should e is reason to beliced. Faces with particul handles, fuel pumper control equipme adequate dispondices the sufficient hand nable workers to coan workspaces and	osal arrangements for tissues, ash their hands before sanitizer and wipes within clean hands after every d remove waste and		
Hygiene		handwashing frequent sneeze into disposable following by hand was drivers should sneeze Ensure access to appro enable this following a may be in place.	ely, avoid touching tissues which are hing or sanitizing. into their elbow. Opriate toilet facilit ny procedure for (igns and posters regarding your face and to cough or to be binned immediately If tissues are not to hand ties and help in any way to COVID-19 and otherwise that hand washing facilities are		
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BB Price Limited & Harris (Steels) Limited	Risk Asse	ssment and Method Statement	Doc Ref: 20/11	
SEC	TION B – MET	HOD STATEMENT FOR CORONAVIRUS	CONTROL	
Hygiene		Provide waste facilities and remove waste more frequently. Clean-up after known or suspected COVID cases following material guidelines in doing so to maintain protection refer to (Gov UK website) PPE may be provided to workers who ask for it, however in any risk assessment we are required to point out that the government considers that the wearing of PPE is only effective where the risk of infection is very high. Drivers wishing to wear face masks must refer to the company's safe system of work for wearing face coverings / masks.		
Working times		If in the opinion of works department heads that contact cannot be maintained working times may be adjusted to minimise contact with people.		
Communication and training		Maintain on-going engagement with drivers to monitor their understanding of how best to protect themselves. Ask if any unforeseen situations or impacts have arisen and investigate, report, and respond to these to address them. Guidance to drivers should be clear and simple, using images and simple language for clarity.		
Inbound and outbour	nd	Revise collection and delivery point proc minimise contact with goods in/out depa regular pairings of those who load and un Enable access to welfare facilities under Encourage drivers to stay in vehicles. Method statement signed by: C D Price Date: 27.05.2020	artments single drivers and nload vehicles.	
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